

#### Datasheet for ABIN7660612

# anti-TCP1 alpha/CCTA antibody (CF®740)



#### Overview

Quantity:	100 μL
Target:	TCP1 alpha/CCTA (TCP1)
Reactivity:	Human
Host:	Rabbit
Clonality:	Polyclonal
Conjugate:	This TCP1 alpha/CCTA antibody is conjugated to CF®740
Application:	Immunohistochemistry (IHC), Immunohistochemistry (Formalin-fixed Paraffin-embedded Sections) (IHC (fp))

#### **Product Details**

Purpose:	p63 (Squamous, Basal & Myoepithelial Cell Marker), CF740 conjugate
Immunogen:	Recombinant human p63 protein fragment
Isotype:	IgG, kappa
Characteristics:	p63 is a homolog of the tumor suppressor p53. It is identified in basal cells in the epithelial

p63 is a homolog of the tumor suppressor p53. It is identified in basal cells in the epithelial layers of a variety of tissues, including epidermis, cervix, urothelium, breast and prostate. p63 was detected in nuclei of the basal epithelium in normal prostate glands, however, it was not expressed in malignant tumors of the prostate. As a result, p63 has been reported as a useful marker for differentiating benign from malignant lesions in the prostate, particularly when used in combination with markers of high molecular weight cytokeratins and the prostate-specific marker AMACR (P504S). p63 has also been shown to be a sensitive marker for lung squamous cell carcinomas (SqCC), with a sensitivity of ~90 %. Specificity for lung SqCC, vs. lung adenocarcinoma (LADC), is approximately 80 %. In breast tissue, p63 has been identified in

### **Product Details**

myoepithelial cells of normal ducts. Primary antibodies are available purified, or with a selection of fluorescent CF® Dyes and other labels. CF® Dyes offer exceptional brightness and photostability. Note: Conjugates of blue fluorescent dyes like CF®405S and CF®405M are not recommended for detecting low abundance targets, because blue dyes have lower fluorescence and can give higher non-specific background than other dye colors.

Format:

Target Details	
Target:	TCP1 alpha/CCTA (TCP1)
Alternative Name:	p63
Background:	Synonyms: Amplified in squamous cell carcinoma (AIS), Chronic ulcerative stomatitis protein (CUSP), EEC3, Keratinocyte transcription factor KET, LMS, NBP, p40, P51/P63, p53 like transcription factor, p53-related protein p63, RHS, SHFM4, TAp63alpha, TP53CP, TP53L, TP63, TP73, TP73L, Transformation-related protein 63, Trp53rp1, Trp6, 3, Tumor protein 63, Tumor protein p53-like, tumor protein p73-like  Gene Symbol: TP63
Molecular Weight:	63 kDa
Gene ID:	8626
UniProt:	Q9H3D4
Application Details	
Application Notes:	Higher concentration may be required for direct detection using primary antibody conjugates than for indirect detection with secondary antibody. Immunofluorescence: 1-2 µg/mL.

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Application Notes:	Higher concentration may be required for direct detection using primary antibody conjugates
	than for indirect detection with secondary antibody. Immunofluorescence: 1-2 µg/mL.
	Immunohistology (formalin) 1-2 μg/mL. Staining of formalin-fixed tissues requires boiling tissue
	sections in 10 mM citrate buffer, pH 6.0, for 10-20 min followed by cooling at RT for 20 min.
	Flow Cytometry 0.5-1 µg/million cells/0.1 mL. Optimal dilution for a specific application should
	be determined by user
Comment:	Positive Control: HEK293 cells or Prostate Carcinoma or Lung or bladder squamous cell
	carcinoma
Restrictions:	For Research Use only
Handling	

Liquid

## Handling

Concentration:	0.1 mg/mL
Buffer:	PBS, 0.1 % rBSA, 0.05 % azide
Preservative:	Sodium azide
Precaution of Use:	This product contains Sodium azide: a POISONOUS AND HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE which should be handled by trained staff only.
Handling Advice:	Protect from light
Storage:	4 °C
Storage Comment:	Stable at room temperature or 37°C for 7 days.  Protect from light  Store at 2 to 8°C. Protect fluorescent conjugates from light
Expiry Date:	24 months