

Datasheet for ABIN877000

anti-Ataxin 1 antibody (pSer775) (AbBy Fluor® 647)[Go to Product page](#)

Overview

Quantity:	100 µL
Target:	Ataxin 1 (ATXN1)
Binding Specificity:	pSer775
Reactivity:	Rat
Host:	Rabbit
Clonality:	Polyclonal
Conjugate:	This Ataxin 1 antibody is conjugated to AbBy Fluor® 647
Application:	Immunofluorescence (Cultured Cells) (IF (cc)), Immunofluorescence (Paraffin-embedded Sections) (IF (p))

Product Details

Immunogen:	KLH conjugated synthetic phosphopeptide derived from human Ataxin-1 around the phosphorylation site of Ser775
Isotype:	IgG
Cross-Reactivity:	Rat
Predicted Reactivity:	Human, Mouse, Dog, Cow, Pig, Horse, Rabbit
Purification:	Purified by Protein A.

Target Details

Target:	Ataxin 1 (ATXN1)
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Target Details

Alternative Name: ATXN1 ([ATXN1 Products](#))

Background: Synonyms: ATXN1, ATX1, D6S504E, SCA1, Ataxin-1, Spinocerebellar ataxia type 1, ATX1_HUMAN.

Background: The autosomal dominant cerebellar ataxias (ADCA) are a heterogeneous group of neurodegenerative disorders characterized by progressive degeneration of the cerebellum, brain stem and spinal cord. Clinically, ADCA has been divided into three groups: ADCA types I-III. ADCAI is genetically heterogeneous, with five genetic loci, designated spinocerebellar ataxia (SCA) 1, 2, 3, 4 and 6, being assigned to five different chromosomes. ADCAII, which always presents with retinal degeneration (SCA7), and ADCAIII often referred to as the 'pure' cerebellar syndrome (SCA5), are most likely homogeneous disorders. Several SCA genes have been cloned and shown to contain CAG repeats in their coding regions. ADCA is caused by the expansion of the CAG repeats, producing an elongated polyglutamine tract in the corresponding protein. The expanded repeats are variable in size and unstable, usually increasing in size when transmitted to successive generations. The function of the ataxins is not known. This locus has been mapped to chromosome 6, and it has been determined that the diseased allele contains 41-81 CAG repeats, compared to 6-39 in the normal allele, and is associated with spinocerebellar ataxia type 1 (SCA1). At least two transcript variants encoding the same protein have been found for this gene. [provided by RefSeq].

Gene ID: 6310

Pathways: [Synaptic Membrane](#)

Application Details

Application Notes: IF(IHC-P) 1:50-200
IF(IHC-F) 1:50-200
IF(ICC) 1:50-200

Restrictions: For Research Use only

Handling

Format: Liquid

Concentration: 1 µg/µL

Buffer: Aqueous buffered solution containing 0.01M TBS (pH 7.4) with 1 % BSA, 0.03 % Proclin300 and 50 % Glycerol.

Handling

Preservative:	ProClin
Precaution of Use:	This product contains ProClin: a POISONOUS AND HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, which should be handled by trained staff only.
Storage:	-20 °C
Storage Comment:	Store at -20°C. Aliquot into multiple vials to avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.
Expiry Date:	12 months