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Datasheet for ABIN878793 anti-ISR-beta antibody (pTyr1185) (Alexa Fluor 350)



Overview

Overview	
Quantity:	100 µL
Target:	ISR-beta
Binding Specificity:	pTyr1185
Reactivity:	Human, Rat, Mouse
Host:	Rabbit
Clonality:	Polyclonal
Conjugate:	This ISR-beta antibody is conjugated to Alexa Fluor 350
Application:	Western Blotting (WB), Immunofluorescence (Cultured Cells) (IF (cc)), Immunofluorescence (Paraffin-embedded Sections) (IF (p))
Product Details	
Immunogen:	KLH conjugated synthetic phosphopeptide derived from human INSR around the phosphorylation site of Tyr1185 [DI(p-Y)ET]
Isotype:	lgG
Cross-Reactivity:	Human, Mouse, Rat
Predicted Reactivity:	Dog,Cow,Pig,Chicken,Rabbit
Purification:	Purified by Protein A.
Target Details	
Target:	ISR-beta

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Target Details		
Alternative Name:	Insulin Receptor Beta (ISR-beta Products)	
Background:	Synonyms: HHF5, CD22, Insulin receptor, IR, INSR	
	Background: The human insulin receptor is a heterotetrameric membrane glycoprotein	
	consisting of disulfide linked subunits in a beta-alpha-alpha-beta configuration. The beta	
	subunit (95 kDa) possesses a single transmembrane domain, whereas the alpha subunit (135	
	kDa) is completely extracellular. The insulin receptor exhibits receptor tyrosine kinase (RTK)	
	activity. RTKs are single pass transmembrane receptors that possess intrinsic cytoplasmic	
	enzymatic activity, catalyzing the transfer of the gamma phosphate of ATP to tyrosine residues	
	in protein substrates. RTKs are essential components of signal transduction pathways that	
	affect cell proliferation, differentiation, migration and metabolism.Included in this large protein	
	family are the insulin receptor and the receptors for growth factors such as epidermal growth	
	factor, fibroblast growth factor and vascular endothelial growth factor. Receptor activation	
	occurs through ligand binding, which facilitates receptor dimerization and autophosphorylation	
	of specific tyrosine residues in the cytoplasmic portion. The interaction of insulin with the alpha	
	subunit of the insulin receptor activates the protein tyrosine kinase of the beta subunit, which	
	then undergoes an autophosphorylation that increases its tyrosine kinase activity. Three	
	adapter proteins, IRS1, IRS2 and Shc, become phosphorylated on tyrosine residues following	
	insulin receptor activation. These three phosphorylated proteins then interact with SH2 domain	
	containing signaling proteins.	
Gene ID:	3643	
UniProt:	P06213	
Application Details		
Application Notes:	IF(IHC-P) 1:50-200	
	IF(IHC-F) 1:50-200	
	IF(ICC) 1:50-200	
Restrictions:	For Research Use only	
Handling		
Format:	Liquid	
Concentration:	1 µg/µL	
Buffer:	Aqueous buffered solution containing 0.01M TBS (pH 7.4) with 1 % BSA, 0.03 % Proclin300 and	
	50 % Glycerol.	

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Handling

Preservative:	ProClin
Precaution of Use:	This product contains ProClin: a POISONOUS AND HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, which should be handled by trained staff only.
Storage:	-20 °C
Storage Comment:	Store at -20°C. Aliquot into multiple vials to avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.
Expiry Date:	12 months