antibodies -online.com





anti-PIK3CD antibody (pTyr524) (Alexa Fluor 350)



()	ve	K\ /		A .
	\cup	1 V/	-	V۷

Overview	
Quantity:	100 μL
Target:	PIK3CD
Binding Specificity:	pTyr524
Reactivity:	Human, Mouse
Host:	Rabbit
Clonality:	Polyclonal
Conjugate:	This PIK3CD antibody is conjugated to Alexa Fluor 350
Application:	Western Blotting (WB), Immunofluorescence (Cultured Cells) (IF (cc)), Immunofluorescence (Paraffin-embedded Sections) (IF (p))
Product Details	
Immunogen:	KLH conjugated synthetic phosphopeptide derived from human PIK3CD around the phosphorylation site of Tyr524
Isotype:	IgG
Cross-Reactivity:	Human, Mouse
Predicted Reactivity:	Rat,Dog,Cow,Pig,Horse,Chicken
Purification:	Purified by Protein A.
Target Details	
Target:	PIK3CD

Alternative Name:	PI 3 Kinase p110 delta (PIK3CD Products)		
Background:	Synonyms: Phosphatidylinositol 4,5-bisphosphate 3-kinase catalytic subunit delta isoform, PI3-		
	kinase subunit delta, PI3K-delta, PI3Kdelta, PtdIns-3-kinase subunit delta, Phosphatidylinositol		
	4,5-bisphosphate 3-kinase 110 kDa catalytic subunit delta, Ptdlns-3-kinase subunit p110-delta,		
	p110delta, PIK3CD		
	Background: Phosphoinositide-3-kinase (PI3K) that phosphorylates PftdIns(4,5)P2		
	(Phosphatidylinositol 4,5-bisphosphate) to generate phosphatidylinositol 3,4,5-trisphosphate		
	(PIP3). PIP3 plays a key role by recruiting PH domain-containing proteins to the membrane,		
	including AKT1 and PDPK1, activating signaling cascades involved in cell growth, survival,		
	proliferation, motility and morphology. Mediates immune responses. Plays a role in B-cell		
	development, proliferation, migration, and function. Required for B-cell receptor (BCR) signaling		
	Mediates B-cell proliferation response to anti-IgM, anti-CD40 and IL4 stimulation. Promotes		
	cytokine production in response to TLR4 and TLR9. Required for antibody class switch		
	mediated by TLR9. Involved in the antigen presentation function of B-cells. Involved in B-cell		
	chemotaxis in response to CXCL13 and sphingosine 1-phosphate (S1P). Required for		
	proliferation, signaling and cytokine production of naive, effector and memory T-cells. Required		
	for T-cell receptor (TCR) signaling. Mediates TCR signaling events at the immune synapse.		
	Activation by TCR leads to antigen-dependent memory T-cell migration and retention to		
	antigenic tissues. Together with PIK3CG participates in T-cell development. Contributes to T-		
	helper cell expansion and differentiation. Required for T-cell migration mediated by homing		
	receptors SELL/CD62L, CCR7 and S1PR1 and antigen dependent recruitment of T-cells.		
	Together with PIK3CG is involved in natural killer (NK) cell development and migration towards		
	the sites of inflammation. Participates in NK cell receptor activation. Have a role in NK cell		
	maturation and cytokine production. Together with PIK3CG is involved in neutrophil chemotaxi		
	and extravasation. Together with PIK3CG participates in neutrophil respiratory burst. Have		
	important roles in mast-cell development and mast cell mediated allergic response. Involved in		
	stem cell factor (SCF)-mediated proliferation, adhesion and migration.		
Gene ID:	5293		
UniProt:	000329		
Pathways:	BCR Signaling, Warburg Effect		
Application Details			
Application Notes:	IF(IHC-P) 1:50-200		
	IF(IHC-F) 1:50-200		

Application Details

	JE(100) 1.50 000
	IF(ICC) 1:50-200
Restrictions:	For Research Use only
Handling	
Format:	Liquid
Concentration:	1 μg/μL
Buffer:	Aqueous buffered solution containing 0.01M TBS (pH 7.4) with 1 % BSA, 0.03 % Proclin300 and
	50 % Glycerol.
Preservative:	ProClin
Precaution of Use:	This product contains ProClin: a POISONOUS AND HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, which should be
	handled by trained staff only.
Storage:	-20 °C
Storage Comment:	Store at -20°C. Aliquot into multiple vials to avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.
Expiry Date:	12 months