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Datasheet for ABIN882514 anti-PRKAG3 antibody (AA 151-250) (Alexa Fluor 350)



Overview

| Quantity: | 100 µL |
|----------------------|--|
| Target: | PRKAG3 |
| Binding Specificity: | AA 151-250 |
| Reactivity: | Human |
| Host: | Rabbit |
| Clonality: | Polyclonal |
| Conjugate: | This PRKAG3 antibody is conjugated to Alexa Fluor 350 |
| Application: | Western Blotting (WB), Immunofluorescence (Cultured Cells) (IF (cc)), Immunofluorescence (Paraffin-embedded Sections) (IF (p)) |

Product Details

| Isotype: IgG | |
|--|--|
| Cross-Reactivity: Human | |
| Predicted Reactivity: Mouse,Rat,Cow,Sheep,Pig,Horse,Rabbit | |
| Purification: Purified by Protein A. | |
| Target Details | |

Target:PRKAG3Alternative Name:Ampk gamma 3/Prkag3 (PRKAG3 Products)

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| Target Details | |
|---------------------|---|
| Background: | Synonyms: AMPKG3, 5'-AMP-activated protein kinase subunit gamma-3, AMPK gamma3, |
| | AMPK subunit gamma-3, PRKAG3 |
| | Background: AMP/ATP-binding subunit of AMP-activated protein kinase (AMPK), an energy |
| | sensor protein kinase that plays a key role in regulating cellular energy metabolism. In response |
| | to reduction of intracellular ATP levels, AMPK activates energy-producing pathways and inhibits |
| | energy-consuming processes: inhibits protein, carbohydrate and lipid biosynthesis, as well as |
| | cell growth and proliferation. AMPK acts via direct phosphorylation of metabolic enzymes, and |
| | by longer-term effects via phosphorylation of transcription regulators. Also acts as a regulator |
| | of cellular polarity by remodeling the actin cytoskeleton, probably by indirectly activating |
| | myosin. Gamma non-catalytic subunit mediates binding to AMP, ADP and ATP, leading to |
| | activate or inhibit AMPK: AMP-binding results in allosteric activation of alpha catalytic subunit |
| | (PRKAA1 or PRKAA2) both by inducing phosphorylation and preventing dephosphorylation of |
| | catalytic subunits. ADP also stimulates phosphorylation, without stimulating already |
| | phosphorylated catalytic subunit. ATP promotes dephosphorylation of catalytic subunit, |
| | rendering the AMPK enzyme inactive. |
| Gene ID: | 53632 |
| UniProt: | Q9UGI9 |
| Pathways: | AMPK Signaling, Cellular Glucan Metabolic Process, Warburg Effect |
| Application Details | |
| Application Notes: | IF(IHC-P) 1:50-200 |
| | IF(IHC-F) 1:50-200 |
| | IF(ICC) 1:50-200 |
| Restrictions: | For Research Use only |
| Handling | |
| Format: | Liquid |
| Concentration: | 1 μg/μL |
| Buffer: | Aqueous buffered solution containing 0.01M TBS (pH 7.4) with 1 % BSA, 0.03 % Proclin300 and |
| | 50 % Glycerol. |
| Preservative: | ProClin |
| Precaution of Use: | This product contains ProClin: a POISONOUS AND HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, which should be |
| | |

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| | handled by trained staff only. |
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| Storage: | -20 °C |
| Storage Comment: | Store at -20°C. Aliquot into multiple vials to avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles. |
| Expiry Date: | 12 months |