

Datasheet for ABIN893468

anti-DAPK3 antibody (AA 30-130) (AbBy Fluor® 350)



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| Overview | |
|-----------------------|--|
| Quantity: | 100 μL |
| Target: | DAPK3 |
| Binding Specificity: | AA 30-130 |
| Reactivity: | Human |
| Host: | Rabbit |
| Clonality: | Polyclonal |
| Conjugate: | This DAPK3 antibody is conjugated to AbBy Fluor® 350 |
| Application: | Western Blotting (WB), Immunofluorescence (Cultured Cells) (IF (cc)), Immunofluorescence (Paraffin-embedded Sections) (IF (p)) |
| Product Details | |
| Immunogen: | KLH conjugated synthetic peptide derived from human DAPK3 |
| Isotype: | IgG |
| Cross-Reactivity: | Human |
| Predicted Reactivity: | Mouse,Rat,Dog,Cow,Horse,Chicken,Rabbit |
| Purification: | Purified by Protein A. |
| Target Details | |
| Target: | DAPK3 |
| Alternative Name: | DAPK3 (DAPK3 Products) |

Target Details

Background:

Synonyms: Death associated protein kinase 3, DAP kinase 3, DAP like kinase, Dapk 3, Dapk 3, Death associated kinase 3, Death associated protein kinase 3, Dlk, FLJ36473, ZIP kinase, ZIPK, Zipper-interacting protein kinase, DAPK3_HUMAN.

Background: Serine/threonine kinase which is involved in the regulation of apoptosis, autophagy, transcription, translation and actin cytoskeleton reorganization. Involved in the regulation of smooth muscle contraction. Regulates both type I (caspase-dependent) apoptotic and type II (caspase-independent) autophagic cell deaths signal, depending on the cellular setting. Involved in regulation of starvation-induced autophagy. Regulates myosin phosphorylation in both smooth muscle and non-muscle cells. In smooth muscle, regulates myosin either directly by phosphorylating MYL12B and MYL9 or through inhibition of smooth muscle myosin phosphatase (SMPP1M) via phosphorylation of PPP1R12A, the inhibition of SMPP1M functions to enhance muscle responsiveness to Ca2+ and promote a contractile state. Phosphorylates MYL12B in non-muscle cells leading to reorganization of actin cytoskeleton. Isoform 2 can phosphorylate myosin, PPP1R12A and MYL12B. Overexpression leads to condensation of actin stress fibers into thick bundles. Involved in actin filament focal adhesion dynamics. The function in both reorganization of actin cytoskeleton and focal adhesion dissolution is modulated by RhoD. Positively regulates canonical Wnt/beta-catenin signaling through interaction with NLK and TCF7L2. Phosphorylates RPL13A on 'Ser-77' upon interferon-gamma activation which is causing RPL13A release from the ribosome, RPL13A association with the GAIT complex and its subsequent involvement in transcript-selective translation inhibition. Enhances transcription from AR-responsive promoters in a hormone- and kinase-dependent manner. Involved in regulation of cell cycle progression and cell proliferation. May be a tumor suppressor.

Gene ID: 1613

Application Details

UniProt:

Application Notes: IF(IHC-P) 1:50-200

IF(IHC-F) 1:50-200

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IF(ICC) 1:50-200

Restrictions: For Research Use only

Handling

Format: Liquid

Handling

| Concentration: | 1 μg/μL |
|--------------------|--|
| Buffer: | Aqueous buffered solution containing 0.01M TBS (pH 7.4) with 1 % BSA, 0.03 % Proclin300 and 50 % Glycerol. |
| Preservative: | ProClin |
| Precaution of Use: | This product contains ProClin: a POISONOUS AND HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, which should be handled by trained staff only. |
| Storage: | -20 °C |
| Storage Comment: | Store at -20°C. Aliquot into multiple vials to avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles. |
| Expiry Date: | 12 months |