

Datasheet for ABIN893939

anti-DFFB antibody (AA 251-338) (Cy5)



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Alternative Name:

Quantity:	100 μL	
Target:	DFFB	
Binding Specificity:	AA 251-338	
Reactivity:	Mouse	
Host:	Rabbit	
Clonality:	Polyclonal	
Conjugate:	This DFFB antibody is conjugated to Cy5	
Application:	Immunofluorescence (Cultured Cells) (IF (cc)), Immunofluorescence (Paraffin-embedded	
	Sections) (IF (p))	
Product Details		
Product Details Immunogen:	KLH conjugated synthetic peptide derived from human DFFB	
	KLH conjugated synthetic peptide derived from human DFFB	
Immunogen:		
Immunogen:	IgG	
Immunogen: Isotype: Cross-Reactivity:	IgG Mouse	
Immunogen: Isotype: Cross-Reactivity: Predicted Reactivity:	IgG Mouse Human,Rat,Dog,Rabbit	

DFFB (DFFB Products)

Target Details

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Synonyms: CAD, Caldesmon, Caspase activated deoxyribonuclease, Caspase activated DNase, Caspase activated nuclease, CDM, CPAN, Deoxyribonuclease III, caspase activated, DFF 40, DFF2, DFF40, Didff, DNA fragmentation factor 40 kDa subunit, DNA fragmentation factor subunit beta, DNA fragmentation factor, 40 Da, beta polypeptide caspase activated DNase, DNA fragmentation factor, 40 kD beta subunit, DNA fragmentation factor, 40 kD, beta polypeptide, DNA fragmentation factor, 40 kDa, beta polypeptide caspase activated DNase, DNA fragmentation factor, 40 kDa, beta polypeptide caspase-activated DNase, DNA subunit, DFFB_HUMAN.

Background: Apoptosis is a cell death process that removes toxic and/or useless cells during mammalian development. The apoptotic process is accompanied by shrinkage and fragmentation of the cells and nuclei and degradation of the chromosomal DNA into nucleosomal units. DNA fragmentation factor (DFF) is a heterodimeric protein of 40-kD (DFFB) and 45-kD (DFFA) subunits. DFFA is the substrate for caspase-3 and triggers DNA fragmentation during apoptosis. DFF becomes activated when DFFA is cleaved by caspase-3. The cleaved fragments of DFFA dissociate from DFFB, the active component of DFF. DFFB has been found to trigger both DNA fragmentation and chromatin condensation during apoptosis. Alternatively spliced transcript variants encoding distinct isoforms have been found for this gene but the biological validity of these variants has not been determined. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008].

Gene ID:

1677

Pathways:

Apoptosis, Caspase Cascade in Apoptosis

Application Details

Application Notes:

IF(IHC-P) 1:50-200

IF(IHC-F) 1:50-200

IF(ICC) 1:50-200

Restrictions:

For Research Use only

Handling

Format:

Liquid

Concentration:

 $1 \mu g/\mu L$

Buffer:

Aqueous buffered solution containing 0.01M TBS (pH 7.4) with 1 % BSA, 0.03 % Proclin300 and

50 % Glycerol.

Handling

Preservative:	ProClin
Precaution of Use:	This product contains ProClin: a POISONOUS AND HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, which should be handled by trained staff only.
Storage:	-20 °C
Storage Comment:	Store at -20°C. Aliquot into multiple vials to avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.
Expiry Date:	12 months