antibodies .- online.com





anti-MFSD2A antibody (AA 331-430) (Alexa Fluor 647)



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| Quantity: | 100 μL |
|----------------------|---|
| Target: | MFSD2A |
| Binding Specificity: | AA 331-430 |
| Reactivity: | Human, Mouse, Rat |
| Host: | Rabbit |
| Clonality: | Polyclonal |
| Conjugate: | This MFSD2A antibody is conjugated to Alexa Fluor 647 |
| Application: | Western Blotting (WB), Flow Cytometry (FACS), Immunofluorescence (Cultured Cells) (IF (cc)), Immunofluorescence (Paraffin-embedded Sections) (IF (p)) |

Product Details

| Immunogen: | KLH conjugated synthetic peptide derived from human MFSD2A |
|-----------------------|--|
| Isotype: | IgG |
| Cross-Reactivity: | Human, Mouse, Rat |
| Predicted Reactivity: | Dog,Cow,Pig,Horse,Chicken,Rabbit |
| Purification: | Purified by Protein A. |

Target Details

| Target: | MFSD2A |
|-------------------|--------------------------|
| Alternative Name: | MFSD2A (MFSD2A Products) |

Target Details

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|-----|-----|--------|----------|----|
| Duo | | \sim | <i>.</i> | ч. |

Synonyms: NLS1, MFSD2, Sodium-dependent lysophosphatidylcholine symporter 1, Sodium-dependent LPC symporter 1, Major facilitator superfamily domain-containing protein 2A, MFSD2A, HMFN0656, PP9177, UNQ300/PRO341

Background: Sodium-dependent lysophosphatidylcholine (LPC) symporter, which plays an essential role for blood-brain barrier formation and function. Specifically expressed in endothelium of the blood-brain barrier of micro-vessels and transports LPC into the brain. Transport of LPC is essential because it constitutes the major mechanism by which docosahexaenoic acid (DHA), an omega-3 fatty acid that is essential for normal brain growth and cognitive function, enters the brain. Transports LPC carrying long-chain fatty acids such LPC oleate and LPC palmitate with a minimum acyl chain length of 14 carbons. Does not transport docosahexaenoic acid in unesterified fatty acid. Specifically required for blood-brain barrier formation and function, probably by mediating lipid transport. Not required for central nervous system vascular morphogenesis (By similarity). Acts as a transporter for tunicamycin, an inhibitor of asparagine-linked glycosylation. In placenta, acts as a receptor for ERVFRD-1/syncytin-2 and is required for trophoblast fusion (PubMed:18988732).

Gene ID:

84879

UniProt:

Q8NA29

Application Details

Application Notes:

FCM 1:20-100

IF(IHC-P) 1:50-200

IF(IHC-F) 1:50-200

IF(ICC) 1:50-200

Restrictions:

For Research Use only

Handling

Precaution of Use:

| Format: | Liquid |
|----------------|--|
| Concentration: | 1 μg/μL |
| Buffer: | Aqueous buffered solution containing 0.01M TBS (pH 7.4) with 1 % BSA, 0.03 % Proclin300 and 50 % Glycerol. |
| Preservative: | ProClin |

This product contains ProClin: a POISONOUS AND HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, which should be

Handling

| | handled by trained staff only. |
|------------------|---|
| Storage: | -20 °C |
| Storage Comment: | Store at -20°C. Aliquot into multiple vials to avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles. |
| Expiry Date: | 12 months |