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MERTK ELISA Kit





Overview

Quantity:	96 tests
Target:	MERTK
Binding Specificity:	AA 26-499
Reactivity:	Human
Method Type:	Sandwich ELISA
Detection Range:	156-10000 pg/mL
Minimum Detection Limit:	156 pg/mL
Application:	ELISA

Product Details

Purpose:	Sandwich High Sensitivity ELISA kit for Quantitative Detection of Human Mer
Brand:	PicoKine™
Sample Type:	Cell Culture Supernatant, Cell Lysate, Tissue Homogenate, Serum
Analytical Method:	Quantitative
Detection Method:	Colorimetric
Immunogen:	Expression system for standard: sf21 Immunogen sequence: R26-A499
Specificity:	Expression system for standard: sf21 Immunogen sequence: R26-A499
Cross-Reactivity (Details):	There is no detectable cross-reactivity with other relevant proteins.

Product Details		
Sensitivity:	<10pg/mL	
Material not included:	Microplate reader in standard size. Automated plate washer. Adjustable pipettes and pipette	
	tips. Multichannel pipettes are recommended in the condition of large amount of samples in the	
	detection. Clean tubes and Eppendorf tubes. Washing buffer (neutral PBS or TBS). Preparation	
	of 0.01M TBS: Add 1.2g Tris, 8.5g Nacl	
Target Details		
Target:	MERTK	
Alternative Name:	MERTK (MERTK Products)	
Background:	Protein Function: Receptor tyrosine kinase that transduces signals from the extracellular matrix	
	into the cytoplasm by binding to several ligands including LGALS3, TUB, TULP1 or GAS6.	
	Regulates many physiological processes including cell survival, migration, differentiation, and	
	phagocytosis of apoptotic cells (efferocytosis). Ligand binding at the cell surface induces	
	autophosphorylation of MERTK on its intracellular domain that provides docking sites for	
	downstream signaling molecules. Following activation by ligand, interacts with GRB2 or PLCG2	
	and induces phosphorylation of MAPK1, MAPK2, FAK/PTK2 or RAC1. MERTK signaling plays a	
	role in various processes such as macrophage clearance of apoptotic cells, platelet	
	aggregation, cytoskeleton reorganization and engulfment. Functions in the retinal pigment	
	epithelium (RPE) as a regulator of rod outer segments fragments phagocytosis. Plays also an	
	important role in inhibition of Toll-like receptors (TLRs)-mediated innate immune response by	
	activating STAT1, which selectively induces production of suppressors of cytokine signaling	
	SOCS1 and SOCS3	
	Background: Proto-oncogene tyrosine-protein kinase MER is an enzyme that in humans is	
	encoded by the MERTK gene. This gene is a member of the MER/AXL/TYRO3 receptor kinase	
	family and encodes a transmembrane protein with two fibronectin type-III domains, two Ig-like	
	C2-type(immunoglobulin-like) domains, and one tyrosine kinase domain. Its gene is mapped to	
	chromosome 2q14.1. Mer encodes a 984-amino acid protein with a calculated molecular mass	
	of 109 kD. It is expressed in numerous neoplastic B- and T-cell lines. Mutations in this gene	

Synonyms: Tyrosine-protein kinase Mer,2.7.10.1,Proto-oncogene c-Mer,Receptor tyrosine kinase MerTK,MERTK,MER,

have been associated with disruption of the retinal pigment epithelium(RPE) phagocytosis

Full Gene Name: Tyrosine-protein kinase Mer

Cellular Localisation: Membrane, Single-pass type I membrane protein.

pathway and onset of autosomal recessive retinitis pigmentosa(RP)

Target Details 10461 Gene ID: UniProt: Q12866 Pathways: **RTK Signaling Application Details** Before using Kit, spin tubes and bring down all components to bottom of tube. Duplicate well **Application Notes:** assay was recommended for both standard and sample testing. Comment: Sequence similarities: Belongs to the protein kinase superfamily. Tyr protein kinase family. AXL/UFO subfamily. Tissue Specificity: Not expressed in normal B- and T-lymphocytes but is expressed in numerous neoplastic B- and T-cell lines. Highly expressed in testis, ovary, prostate, lung, and kidney, with lower expression in spleen, small intestine, colon, and liver. Plate: Pre-coated Protocol: human Mer ELISA Kit was based on standard sandwich enzyme-linked immune-sorbent assay technology. A monoclonal antibody from mouse specific for Mer has been precoated onto 96well plates. Standards(sf21, R26-A499) and test samples are added to the wells, a biotinylated detection polyclonal antibody from goat specific for Mer is added subsequently and then followed by washing with PBS or TBS buffer. Avidin-Biotin-Peroxidase Complex was added and unbound conjugates were washed away with PBS or TBS buffer. HRP substrate TMB was used to visualize HRP enzymatic reaction. TMB was catalyzed by HRP to produce a blue color product that changed into yellow after adding acidic stop solution. The density of yellow is proportional to the human Mer amount of sample captured in plate. Assay Procedure: Aliquot 0.1 mL per well of the 10000pg/mL, 5000pg/mL, 2500pg/mL, 1250pg/mL, 625pg/mL, 312pg/mL, 156pg/mL human Mer standard solutions into the precoated 96-well plate. Add 0.1 mL of the sample diluent buffer into the control well (Zero well). Add 0.1 mL of each

properly diluted sample of human cell culture supernates, cell lysates, tissue lysates or serum to each empty well. See "Sample Dilution Guideline" above for details. It is recommended that each human Mer standard solution and each sample be measured in duplicate.

Assay Precision:

- Sample 1: n=16, Mean(pg/ml): 1124, Standard deviation: 58.45, CV(%): 5.2
- Sample 2: n=16, Mean(pg/ml): 3287, Standard deviation: 210.4, CV(%): 6.4
- Sample 3: n=16, Mean(pg/ml): 5853, Standard deviation: 280.9, CV(%): 4.8,
- Sample 1: n=24, Mean(pg/ml): 1374, Standard deviation: 92.1, CV(%): 6.7
- Sample 2: n=24, Mean(pg/ml): 3467, Standard deviation: 249.6, CV(%): 7.2

Application Details

 Sample 3: n=24, Mean(pg/ml): 6124, Standard deviation: 306.2, CV(%):
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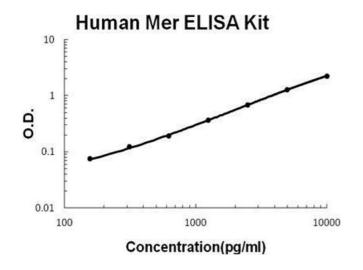
Restrictions: For

For Research Use only

Handling

Handling Advice:	Avoid multiple freeze-thaw cycles.
Storage:	-20 °C,4 °C
Storage Comment:	Store at 4°C for 6 months, at -20°C for 12 months. Avoid multiple freeze-thaw cycles
Expiry Date:	12 months

Images



ELISA

Image 1. Human Mer PicoKine ELISA Kit standard curve