

Datasheet for ABIN935038

CA2 Protein (AA 1-260)





Overview

Quantity:	100 μg
Target:	CA2
Protein Characteristics:	AA 1-260
Origin:	Human
Source:	Escherichia coli (E. coli)
Protein Type:	Recombinant
Biological Activity:	Active
Application:	SDS-PAGE (SDS)
Product Details	
Sequence:	MSHHWGYGKH NGPEHWHKDF PIAKGERQSP VDIDTHTAKY DPSLKPLSVS YDQATSLRIL
	NNGHAFNVEF DDSQDKAVLK GGPLDGTYRL IQFHFHWGSL DGQGSEHTVD KKKYAAELHL
	VHWNTKYGDF GKAVQQPDGL AVLGIFLKVG SAKPGLQKVV DVLDSIKTKG KSADFTNFDP
	RGLLPESLDY WTYPGSLTTP PLLECVTWIV LKEPISVSSE QVLKFRKLNF NGEGEPEELM
	VDNWRPAQPL KNRQIKASFK
Characteristics:	Purified recombinant Human Carbonic anhydrase II protein
	Expression System: E.coli
	Bioactivity: Specific activity is 50-70 nmoles/min/µg and was obtained by measuring the
	increase in the amount of p-nitropheno by its esterase activity. Specific activity is defined as the
	amount of p-nitrophenol that 1ug of enzyme can reduce at 25 °C for 1 minute.
	Molecular weight on SDS-PAGE will appear higher.

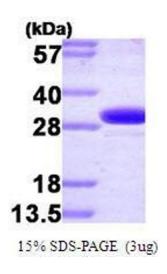
Target Details

Target:	CA2
Alternative Name:	Carbonic anhydrase II (CA2 Products)
Background:	Carbonic anhydrase 2 (CA2) is one of fourteen forms of human alpha carbonic anhydrases.
	Carbonic anhydrase catalyzes reversible hydration of carbon dioxide. CA2 is a cytosolic enzyme
	with the highest activity among all known CAs. Mutations in the CA2 gene result in the CA2
	deficiency syndrome, an autosomal recessive disorder that produces osteopetrosis, renal
	tubular acidosis and cerebral calcification. Recombinant human CA2 was expressed in E. coli
	and purified by using conventional chromatography.
	Alternative Names: Car 2 protein, Carbonic anhydrase II protein, CA II protein, Car2 protein, CAC
	protein, CA-II protein, CA 2 protein, Carbonic anhydrase 2 protein, Carbonic anhydrase B protein
	Carbonate dehydratase II protein, CAI protein, Carbonic anhydrase C protein, Carbonic
	dehydratase., CA2 protein
Molecular Weight:	29.2 kDa (260 AA)
Application Details	
Application Notes:	Carbonic anhydrase II protein has been used in SDS PAGE and may be suitable for use in other
	assays to be determined by the end user.
Assay Procedure:	1. Prepare assay buffer into a suitable container: The final concentrations are 12.5 mM Tris, 75
	mM NaCl, pH 7.5.
	2. Dilute 4-Nitrophenyl-Acetate(4-NPA) to 2 mM in Assay Buffer.
	3. Dilute recombinant CA2 protein with various concentrations (1 μ g, 1 μ g, 1 μ g) in 50 μ L assay
	buffer. 4. Load 50 uL of 2 mM 4-NPA into diluted recombinant CA2 solutions, and start the reaction by
	adding 50 uL of 2 mM Substrate.
	5. Read at a wavelength of 405 nm (bottom read) in kinetic mode for 5 minutes.
Restrictions:	For Research Use only
Handling	
Format:	Liquid
Concentration:	1 mg/mL
Buffer:	Supplied as a liquid in 20 mM Tris-HCl buffer, pH 8.0, containing 0 mM DTT, 50 mM NaCl, and
	10 % glycerol.

Handling

Preservative:	Dithiothreitol (DTT)
Precaution of Use:	This product contains Dithiothreitol: a POISONOUS AND HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, which should be handled by trained staff only.
Handling Advice:	Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles.
Storage:	RT/-20 °C
Storage Comment:	Store at 4 °C for short term storage (1/2 weeks). Aliquot and store at -20 °C or - 70 °C for long term storage.

Images



SDS-PAGE

Image 1. Figure annotation denotes ug of protein loaded and % gel used.