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Datasheet for ABIN93894 anti-alpha Tubulin antibody

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Overview

Quantity:	0.1 mg
Target:	alpha Tubulin (TUBA1)
Reactivity:	Human, Mouse, Rat, Pig, Dog, Nicotiana tabacum
Host:	Mouse
Clonality:	Monoclonal
Conjugate:	This alpha Tubulin antibody is un-conjugated
Application:	Western Blotting (WB), ELISA, Immunohistochemistry (Paraffin-embedded Sections) (IHC (p)), Immunoprecipitation (IP), Immunocytochemistry (ICC)

Product Details

Immunogen:	Porcine brain microtubule protein MTP-1.
Clone:	TU-16
lsotype:	lgM
Specificity:	The antibody TU-16 reacts with alpha-tubulin of all tested species, under denaturing and non- denaturing conditions.
Cross-Reactivity (Details):	Broad species reactivity
Purification:	Purified by sequential steps of physicochemical fractionation (differential precipitation and solid-phase chromatography methods).
Purity:	> 95 % (by SDS-PAGE)

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Target:	alpha Tubulin (TUBA1)
Alternative Name:	alpha-tubulin (TUBA1 Products)
Background:	Tubulin alpha 1, The microtubules are intracellular dynamic polymers made up of evolutionarily
	conserved polymorphic alpha/beta-tubulin heterodimers and a large number of microtubule-
	associated proteins (MAPs). The microtubules consist of 13 protofilaments and have an outer
	diameter 25 nm. Microtubules have their intrinsic polarity, highly dynamic plus ends and less
	dynamic minus ends. Microtubules are required for vital processes in eukaryotic cells including
	mitosis, meiosis, maintenance of cell shape and intracellular transport. Microtubules are also
	necessary for movement of cells by means of flagella and cilia. In mammalian tissue culture
	cells microtubules have their minus ends anchored in microtubule organizing centers (MTOCs)
	The GTP (guanosintriphosphate) molecule is an essential for tubulin heterodimer to associate
	with other heterodimers to form microtubule. In vivo, microtubule dynamics vary considerably.
	Microtubule polymerization is reversible and a populations of microtubules in cells are on their
	minus ends either growing or shortening –, this phenomenon is called dynamic instability of
	microtubules. On a practical level, microtubules can easily be stabilized by the addition of non-
	hydrolysable analogues of GTP (eg. GMPPCP) or more commonly by anti-cancer drugs such as
	Taxol. Taxol stabilizes microtubules at room temperature for many hours. Using limited
	proteolysis by enzymes both tubulin subunits can be divided into N-terminal and C-terminal
	structural domains. The alpha-tubulin (relative molecular weight around 50 kDa) is globular
	protein that exists in cells as part of soluble alpha/beta-tubulin dimer or it is polymerized into
	microtubules. In different species it is coded by multiple tubulin genes that form tubulin classes
	(in human 6 genes). Expressed tubulin genes are named tubulin isotypes. Some of the tubulin
	isotypes are expressed ubiquitously, while some have more restricted tissue expression. Alpha
	tubulin is also subject of numerous post-translational modifications. Tubulin isotypes and their
	posttranslational modifications are responsible for multiple tubulin charge variants - tubulin
	isoforms. Heterogeneity of alpha-tubulin is concentrated in C-terminal structural domain.,TUBA
Gene ID:	7277
UniProt:	Q71U36
Pathways:	Microtubule Dynamics
Application Details	
Application Notes:	Immunohistochemistry (paraffin sections): Recommended dilution: 10 µg/mL.
	Immunoprecipitation: Reducing conditions.

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Application Details		
	Western blotting: Recommended dilution: 1-2 µg/mL. This antibody can be used for Western blotting, but its alternative TU-02 (ABIN93896) gives better signal in this application.	
Restrictions:	For Research Use only	
Handling		
Concentration:	1 mg/mL	
Buffer:	Tris buffered saline (TBS), pH 8.0, 15 mM sodium azide	
Preservative:	Sodium azide	
Precaution of Use:	This product contains Sodium azide: a POISONOUS AND HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE which should be handled by trained staff only.	
Handling Advice:	Do not freeze.	
Storage:	4 °C	
Storage Comment:	Store at 2-8°C. Do not freeze.	
Publications		
Product cited in:	Ji, Rath, Girton, Johansen, Johansen: "D-Hillarin, a novel W180-domain protein, affects	
	cytokinesis through interaction with the septin family member Pnut." in: Journal of	
	neurobiology, Vol. 64, Issue 2, pp. 157-69, (2005) (PubMed).	
	Qi, Rath, Wang, Xu, Ding, Zhang, Blacketer, Paddy, Girton, Johansen, Johansen: "Megator, an	
	essential coiled-coil protein that localizes to the putative spindle matrix during mitosis in	
	Drosophila." in: Molecular biology of the cell, Vol. 15, Issue 11, pp. 4854-65, (2004) (PubMed).	
	Dráberová, Dráber: "Novel monoclonal antibodies TU-08 and TU-16 specific for tubulin subunits.	
	" in: Folia biologica , Vol. 44, Issue 1, pp. 35-6, (2000) (PubMed).	

Images



HeLa RAJI L IPr IPn L IPr IPn Ig heavy chain alpha-tubulin Image: Constraint of the second second

Western Blotting

Image 1. Anti-alpha-Tubulin Purified (TU-16) works in WB application under reducing conditions. Western blotting analysis was performed on whole cell extracts (RIPA lysis buffer) of HeLa, HEK 293, ESS-1 and Jurkat cell lines mixed and heated (100 °C, 5 min) with reducing (2mercaptoethanol) or non-reducing SDS-loading buffer. Samples were resolved using 12 % Tris-glycine SDS gel electrophoresis. Nitrocellulose membrane blot was probed simultaneously with mouse IgM monoclonal antibody TU-16 (1 µg/mL) and mouse IgG1 anti-GAPDH monoclonal antibody FF26A (1 µg/mL) used as the loading control. Subclass-specific secondary antibodies IRDye 680RD Goatanti-Mouse IgM (red) and IRDye 800CW Goat-anti-Mouse IgG (green) were used for multiplex fluorescent Western blot detection. Alpha-tubulin was detected at ~50 kDa in all tested cell lines.

Immunoprecipitation

Image 2. Immunoprecipitation of alpha-tubulin from HeLa and RAJI cell lysate by antibody TU-16 and its detection by antibody. IgM heavy chain (76-92 kDa) and kDa. L = lysate IPr = immunoprecipitate (reducing conditions) IPn = immunoprecipitate (non-reducing conditions)

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Immunohistochemistry (Paraffin-embedded Sections)

Image 3. Immunohistochemistry staining of human heart (paraffin sections) using anti-alpha tubulin (TU-16).

Please check the product details page for more images. Overall 6 images are available for ABIN93894.

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