

Datasheet for ABIN964624

anti-YBX1 antibody





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Alternative Name:

Quantity:	100 μg
Target:	YBX1
Reactivity:	Borrelia burgdorferi
Host:	Rabbit
Clonality:	Polyclonal
Application:	Western Blotting (WB), ELISA
Product Details	
Purpose:	DbpB Antibody
Immunogen:	Immunogen: MBP-fusion protein corresponding to Borrelia burgdorferi Dbp-B protein. Immunogen Type: Recombinant Protein
Isotype:	IgG
Cross-Reactivity (Details):	This antibody is specific for Borrelia burgdorferi DbpB protein.
Characteristics:	Synonyms: rabbit anti-DbpB Antibody, Decorin-binding protein B, Borrelia burgdorferi DbpB, dbp-B, dbp B
Purification:	This product was Protein-A purified and cross-adsorbed against MBP from monospecific antiserum by chromatography.
Target Details	
Target:	YBX1

DbpB (YBX1 Products)

Target Details

Background:

Background: Decorin-binding protein B, or DbpB, binds to decorin, which may mediate the adherence of B.burgdorferi to collagen fibers in skin and other tissues. Spirochetal surface adhesions mediate attachment to decorin, a major component of the host extracellular matrix enabling bacteria to colonize in mammalian tissues. The spirochete migrates from the tick midgut during feeding to its salivary glands and are thus transmitted to the mammal host. This transition may be facilitated by changes in expression of some B. burgdorferi genes. It is believed that expression of the various proteins associated with the spirochete may be regulated by the changes in tick life cycle, changes in conditions during tick feeding (such as temperature, pH, and nutrients) and/or in coordination with the course of infection of the mammal host. Borrelia burgdorferi can colonize multiple tissues, and is capable of attachment to diverse cell types. The expression of decorin-binding protein (Dbp) A and/or DbpB, two B. burgdorferi surface proteins that bind GAGs, is sufficient to convert a high-passage nonadherent B. burgdorferi strain into one that efficiently binds 293 epithelial cells.

Gene ID: 1194341

NCBI Accession: WP_010890381

UniProt: P0CL68

Pathways: Regulation of Muscle Cell Differentiation

Application Details

Application Notes:

Application Note: This protein-A purified antibody has been tested for use in ELISA and Western blotting. Specific conditions for reactivity should be optimized by the user. Expect a band approximately 17.9 kDa in size corresponding to Borrelia burgdorferi DbpB protein by Western blotting in the appropriate cell lysate or extract.

Western Blot Dilution: 1:1,000

Other: User Optimized

Restrictions:

For Research Use only

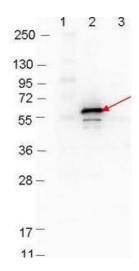
Handling

Format:	Lyophilized
Reconstitution:	Reconstitution Volume: 100 µL Reconstitution Buffer: Restore with deionized water (or equivalent)
Concentration:	1.0 mg/mL

Handling

Buffer:	Buffer: 0.02 M Potassium Phosphate, 0.15 M Sodium Chloride, pH 7.2
	Stabilizer: None
	Preservative: 0.01 % (w/v) Sodium Azide
Preservative:	Sodium azide
Precaution of Use:	This product contains Sodium azide: a POISONOUS AND HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE which
	should be handled by trained staff only.
Storage:	4 °C,-20 °C
Storage Comment:	Store vial at 4° C prior to restoration. For extended storage aliquot contents and freeze at -20° C
	or below. Avoid cycles of freezing and thawing. Centrifuge product if not completely clear after
	standing at room temperature. This product is stable for several weeks at 4° C as an undiluted
	liquid. Dilute only prior to immediate use.
Expiry Date:	12 months

Images



Western Blotting

Image 1. Western blot showing detection of 0.1 μg of recombinant DbpB protein. Lane 1: Molecular weight markers. Lane 2: MBP-DbpB fusion protein (arrow; expected MW = $60.3 \, \text{kDa}$). Lane 3: MBP alone. Protein was run on a 4-20% gel, then transferred to 0.45 μm nitrocellulose. After blocking with 1% BSA-TTBS , diluted to 1X) overnight at 4°C, primary antibody was used at 1:1000 at room temperature for 30 min. HRP-conjugated Goat-Anti-Rabbit secondary antibody was used at 1:40,000 in ABIN925618 blocking buffer and imaged on the MP 4000 imaging system (Bio-Rad).