

Datasheet for ABIN964680

## anti-NF-kB p65 antibody (C-Term)

6 Images

2 Publications



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### Overview

Quantity:	100 µg
Target:	NF-kB p65 (NFkBp65)
Binding Specificity:	C-Term
Reactivity:	Human
Host:	Mouse
Clonality:	Monoclonal
Application:	Western Blotting (WB), Immunohistochemistry (IHC), ELISA, Immunofluorescence (IF), Fluorescence Microscopy (FM)

### Product Details

Purpose:	NFkB p65 Antibody
Immunogen:	Immunogen: NFkB p65 (Rel A) peptide corresponding to a region near the C-terminus of the human protein conjugated to Keyhole Limpet Hemocyanin (KLH). Immunogen Type: Conjugated Peptide
Clone:	27F9-G4
Isotype:	IgG2a kappa
Cross-Reactivity (Details):	Reactivity was confirmed by ELISA against peptide conjugated carrier protein and by Western blot against HeLa whole cell lysate.
Characteristics:	Synonyms: mouse anti-NF-kB p65 Antibody, mouse anti-Rel A antibody, NFkB, nfkb, NF-kB, NF-kappaB, NFkappaB, Nuclear factor NF-kappa-B p65 subunit
Purification:	Anti-NF-kB p65 Antibody was purified from concentrated tissue culture supernate by Protein A

## Product Details

	chromatography and showed a single band by IEP (immunoelectrophoresis) when tested with anti-mouse antibody.
Sterility:	Sterile filtered

## Target Details

Target:	NF-kB p65 (NFkBp65)
Alternative Name:	RELA ( <a href="#">NFkBp65 Products</a> )
Background:	Background: NFkappaB was originally identified as a factor that binds to the immunoglobulin kappa light chain enhancer in B cells. Other identified subunits include p52 (NFKB2), c-Rel, and RelB. The p65, cRel, and RelB subunits are responsible for transactivation. The p50 and p52 subunits possess DNA binding activity but limited ability to transactivate. p52 has been reported to form transcriptionally active heterodimers with the NFkappaB subunit p65, similar to p50/p65 heterodimers. The heterodimers of p52/p65 and p50/p65 are regulated by physical inactivation in the cytoplasm by IkappaBalpha. Cell Biology, Nuclear Signaling, Neuroscience and Signal Transduction Research.
Gene ID:	5970, 223468676
UniProt:	<a href="#">Q04206</a>
Pathways:	<a href="#">NF-kappaB Signaling</a> , <a href="#">RTK Signaling</a> , <a href="#">TCR Signaling</a> , <a href="#">TLR Signaling</a> , <a href="#">Fc-epsilon Receptor Signaling Pathway</a> , <a href="#">Neurotrophin Signaling Pathway</a> , <a href="#">Activation of Innate immune Response</a> , <a href="#">Cellular Response to Molecule of Bacterial Origin</a> , <a href="#">Hepatitis C</a> , <a href="#">Toll-Like Receptors Cascades</a> , <a href="#">S100 Proteins</a>

## Application Details

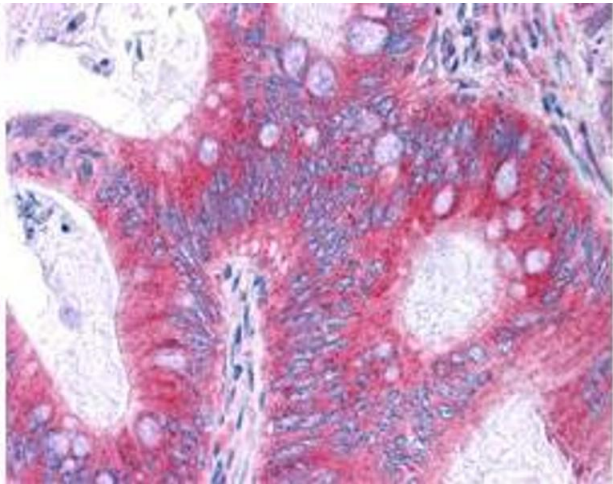
Application Notes:	Immunohistochemistry Dilution: 1:200-1:600 Application Note: Anti-NF-kB p65 Antibody is a mouse monoclonal antibody directed against NFkB p65 (Rel A) and recognizes a 65 kD band by Western blot against HeLa whole cell lysate. Control peptide (100-4165p) is sold separately. This product tested in WB, ICC, IHC, and IF. Western Blot Dilution: 1:1,000-1:5,000 ELISA Dilution: 1:50,000-1:100,000 IF Microscopy Dilution: 1:5,000 Other: User Optimized
Restrictions:	For Research Use only

## Handling

Format:	Liquid
Concentration:	1.0 mg/mL
Buffer:	Buffer: 0.02 M Potassium Phosphate, 0.15 M Sodium Chloride, pH 7.2 Stabilizer: None Preservative: 0.01 % (w/v) Sodium Azide
Preservative:	Sodium azide
Precaution of Use:	This product contains Sodium azide: a POISONOUS AND HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE which should be handled by trained staff only.
Storage:	4 °C,-20 °C
Storage Comment:	Store NF-kB p65 Antibody at -20° C prior to opening. Aliquot contents and freeze at -20° C or below for extended storage. Avoid cycles of freezing and thawing. Centrifuge product if not completely clear after standing at room temperature. This product is stable for several weeks at 4° C as an undiluted liquid. Dilute only prior to immediate use.
Expiry Date:	12 months

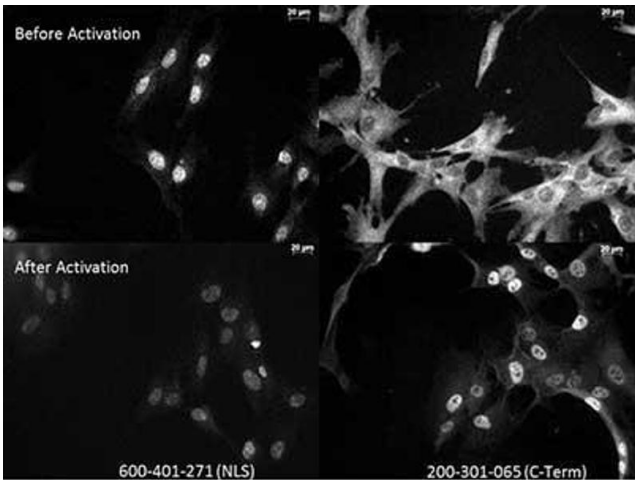
## Publications

Product cited in:	<p>Sikorski, Mehta, Inngjerdigen, Thakor, Kling, Kalina, Nyman, Stensland, Zhou, de Souza, Holden, Stuchly, Templin, Lund-Johansen: "A high-throughput pipeline for validation of antibodies." in: <b>Nature methods</b>, Vol. 15, Issue 11, pp. 909-912, (2019) (<a href="#">PubMed</a>).</p> <p>Merkhofer, Cogswell, Baldwin: "Her2 activates NF-kappaB and induces invasion through the canonical pathway involving IKKalpha." in: <b>Oncogene</b>, Vol. 29, Issue 8, pp. 1238-48, (2010) (<a href="#">PubMed</a>).</p>
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Immunohistochemistry

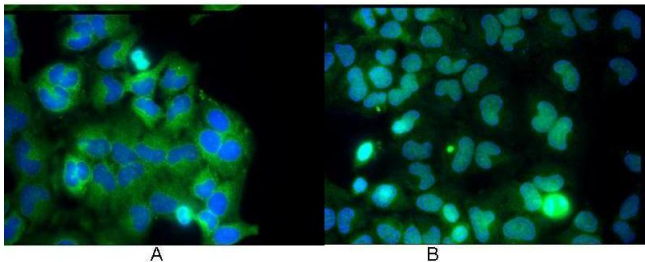
**Image 1.** Antibody has been tested in immunohistochemistry, analyzed by an anatomic pathologist and validated for use in IHC applications against formalin-fixed, paraffin-embedded human tissues. showed moderate to strong staining within many tissues, including epithelium of the breast, small intestine, kidney, pancreas, prostate, skin, placenta, and uterus, as well as within neurons and lymphoid tissues such as spleen, thymus, and tonsil. The antibody produced an excellent signal with almost no background staining at a concentration of 2.5 ug/ml. The image displayed shows specific staining in colon carcinoma as the precipitated red signal, with a hematoxylin purple nuclear counterstain. Image provided courtesy of LifeSpan Biosciences, Seattle, WA



**Image 2.** Anti NFkB monoclonal antibody – Immunocytochemistry Tissue: Human Fibroblasts Top: Before activation Bottom: After activation with poly IC Left: 600-401-271 anti p65 NLS specific lot 18372 Right: Monoclonal antibody C-Term The two antibodies that are shown target different regions of the p65 protein. The different staining patterns are thought to correspond with different functional regions of the protein.

Immunofluorescence

**Image 3.**



## Images

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Please check the [product details page](#) for more images. Overall 6 images are available for ABIN964680.