

Datasheet for ABIN964780

anti-IL-6 antibody**3** Images[Go to Product page](#)

Overview

Quantity:	100 µg
Target:	IL-6 (IL6)
Reactivity:	Mouse
Host:	Rabbit
Clonality:	Polyclonal
Conjugate:	This IL-6 antibody is un-conjugated
Application:	Western Blotting (WB), ELISA, Immunohistochemistry (IHC), Flow Cytometry (FACS)

Product Details

Purpose:	IL-6 Antibody
Immunogen:	Immunogen: Anti-IL-6 is an IgG fraction antibody prepared from rabbit antiserum after repeated immunizations with recombinant mouse IL-6 protein produced in E.coli. Immunogen Type: Recombinant Protein
Isotype:	IgG
Cross-Reactivity (Details):	This antibody is specific for mouse IL-6 protein.
Characteristics:	Synonyms: rabbit anti-IL-6 antibody, rabbit anti-Interleukin-6 antibody, Interleukin6 cytokine, IL6, B-cell stimulatory factor 2, BSF-2, Interferon beta-2, IFN-beta-2, Hybridoma growth factor, CTL differentiation factor, CDF, Interleukin HP-1
Purification:	This product is an IgG fraction antibody purified from monospecific antiserum by a multi-step process which includes delipidation, salt fractionation and ion exchange chromatography followed by extensive dialysis against the buffer stated above.

Target Details

Target:	IL-6 (IL6)
Alternative Name:	Il6 (IL6 Products)
Background:	Background: Interleukin (IL)-6, also know as BCDG, BCGF and BSF-2, is an important proinflammatory and immunoregulatory cytokine expressed by various cells. Interleukin-6 has been shown to inhibit the growth of early stage and to promote the proliferation of advanced stage melanoma cells in vitro. Anti-IL-6 antibody is ideal for investigators involved in Cancer, Neuroscience and Immunology research.
Gene ID:	16193
NCBI Accession:	NP_112445
UniProt:	P08505
Pathways:	TLR Signaling , Hormone Transport , Negative Regulation of Hormone Secretion , Myometrial Relaxation and Contraction , Positive Regulation of Immune Effector Process , Production of Molecular Mediator of Immune Response , Regulation of Carbohydrate Metabolic Process , Autophagy , Cell RedoxHomeostasis , Cancer Immune Checkpoints , Inflammasome

Application Details

Application Notes:	Immunohistochemistry Dilution: User Optimized Application Note: This purified antibody has been tested for use in western blotting against recombinant mouse IL-6 spiked into cell lysates. Specific conditions for reactivity should be optimized by the end user. Expect a band approximately 21.7 kDa in size corresponding to the mature 187 amino acid mouse IL-6 protein by western blotting in appropriate cell lysates or extracts. Western Blot Dilution: 1:1000 ELISA Dilution: 1:10,000 Other: User Optimized
Restrictions:	For Research Use only

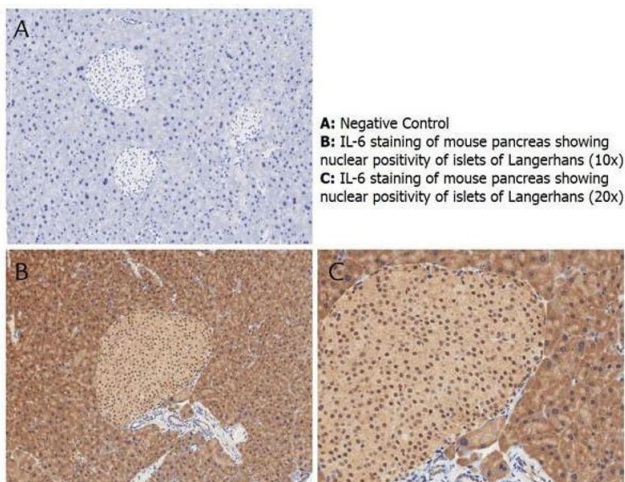
Handling

Format:	Lyophilized
Reconstitution:	Reconstitution Volume: 100 µL Reconstitution Buffer: Restore with deionized water (or equivalent)
Concentration:	1.0 mg/mL

Handling

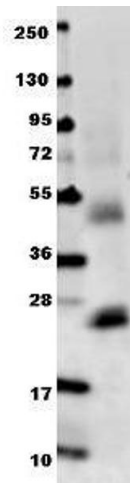
Buffer:	Buffer: 0.02 M Potassium Phosphate, 0.15 M Sodium Chloride, pH 7.2 Stabilizer: None Preservative: None
Preservative:	Without preservative
Storage:	4 °C,-20 °C
Storage Comment:	Store anti-IL-6 at 4° C prior to restoration. For extended storage aliquot contents and freeze at -20° C or below. Avoid cycles of freezing and thawing. Centrifuge product if not completely clear after standing at room temperature. This product is stable for several weeks at 4° C as an undiluted liquid. Dilute only prior to immediate use.
Expiry Date:	6 months

Images



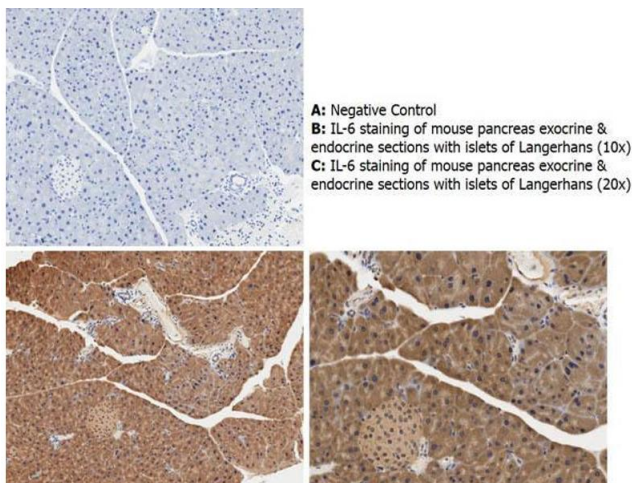
Immunohistochemistry

Image 1. Immunohistochemistry with anti-IL-6 antibody showing nuclear positivity of islets of Langerhans (brown staining) and cytoplasmic staining in mouse pancreas at 10x and 20x (B & C). Staining was performed on Leica Bond system using the standard protocol. Formalin fixed/paraffin embedded tissue sections were subjected to antigen retrieval with E1 (Leica Microsystems) retrieval solution for 20 min and then incubated with rabbit anti-mouse IL-6 antibody at 1:50 dilution for 60 minutes. Biotinylated Anti-rabbit secondary antibody was used at 1:200 dilution to detect primary antibody. The reaction was developed using streptavidin-HRP conjugated compact polymer system and visualized with chromogen substrate, 3'3-diamino-benzidine substrate (DAB). The sections were then counterstained with hematoxylin to detect cell nuclei.



Western Blotting

Image 2. Anti-mouse IL-6 antibody in western blot shows detection of recombinant mouse IL-6 raised in E.coli. Recombinant truncated protein (0.1 µg, 21.7 kDa) was loaded on to an SDS-PAGE gel, and after separation, transferred to nitrocellulose. The membrane was blocked with 1% BSA in TBST for 30 min at RT, followed by incubation with Anti-Mouse IL-6 antibody diluted 1:1,000 in 1% BSA in TBST overnight at 4°C. After washes, the blot was reacted with secondary antibody 649 Conjugated Anti-Rabbit IgG (H&L) (Goat) Antibody diluted 1:20,000 in blocking buffer for 30 min. at RT. Data was collected using Bio-Rad 4000 MP imaging system.



Immunohistochemistry

Image 3. Immunohistochemistry with anti-IL-6 antibody showing cytoplasmic IL-6 staining in mouse pancreas exocrine and endocrine sections with islets of Langerhans at 10x and 20x (B & C). Staining was performed on Leica Bond system using the standard protocol. Formalin fixed/paraffin embedded tissue sections were subjected to antigen retrieval with E1 (Leica Microsystems) retrieval solution for 20 min and then incubated with rabbit anti-mouse IL-6 antibody at 1:50 dilution for 60 minutes. Biotinylated Anti-rabbit secondary antibody was used at 1:200 dilution to detect primary antibody. The reaction was developed using streptavidin-HRP conjugated compact polymer system and visualized with chromogen substrate, 3’3-diamino-benzidine substrate (DAB). The sections were then counterstained with hematoxylin to detect cell nuclei.