

Datasheet for ABIN964876

Rabbit anti-Pig IgG (Heavy & Light Chain) Antibody





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Quantity:	20 mg
Target:	laC
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Binding Specificity:	Heavy & Light Chain
Reactivity:	Pig
Host:	Rabbit
Clonality:	Polyclonal
Application:	ELISA, Immunohistochemistry (IHC), Western Blotting (WB)

Product Details

Immunogen:	Immunogen: Swine IgG whole molecule
Isotype:	IgG
Fragment:	F(ab')2 fragment
Specificity:	Assay by immunoelectrophoresis resulted in a single precipitin arc against anti-Rabbit Serum, Swine IgG and Swine Serum.
Purification:	This product is a F(ab')2 fragment of IgG fraction antibody purified from monospecific antiserum by a multi-step process which includes delipidation, salt fractionation, ion exchange chromatography and pepsin digestion followed by chromatographic separation and extensive dialysis against the buffer stated above. Assay by immunoelectrophoresis resulted in a single precipitin arc against anti-Rabbit Serum, Swine IgG and Swine Serum. No reaction was observed against anti-Rabbit IgG F(c) or anti-Pepsin.

Target Details

Target:	IgG
Abstract:	IgG Products
Target Type:	Antibody
Background:	Synonyms: rabbit F(ab')2 Anti-SWINE IgG Antibody, rabbit Fab2 Anti Swine IgG
	Background: F(ab')2 Antibody was generated by enzymatic cleavage and subsequent
	separation from the Fc fragment. Because of their smaller size, F(ab)2 fragments offer several
	advantages over intact antibodies for use in certain immunochemical techniques and
	experimental applications. F(ab)2 fragments penetrate into tissue samples and show better
	antigen recognition and signal generation in IHC. F(ab)2 fragments lack the Fc region and
	therefore do not bind Fc receptors which effectively lowers background staining. F(ab')2
	Antibody is ideal for investigators who routinely perform flow cytometry,
	immunohistochemistry or IHC and other immunoassays.

Application Details

Immunohistochemistry Dilution: 1:1,000 - 1:5,000

Application Note: Suitable for immunomicroscopy and flow cytometry or FACS analysis as well as other antibody based fluorescent assays requiring extremely low background levels, absence of F(c) mediated binding, lot-to-lot consistency, high titer and specificity. The maximum amount of reagent required to stain 1 x 10E6 cells in flow cytometry is approximately 1.0 μ g of antibody. Lesser amounts of reagent may be sufficient for staining. Optimal titers for other applications should be determined by the researcher. As a general guideline dilutions of 1:100 to 1:250 should be suitable for most applications.

ELISA Dilution: 1:20,000 - 1:100,000

Western Blot Dilution: 1:2,000 - 1:10,000

Restrictions:

For Research Use only

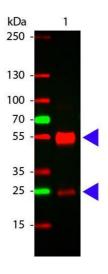
Handling

Format:	Lyophilized
Reconstitution:	Reconstitution Volume: 2.0 mL Reconstitution Buffer: Restore with deionized water (or equivalent)
Concentration:	10.0 mg/mL
Buffer:	Buffer: 0.01 M Sodium Phosphate, 0.15 M Sodium Chloride, pH 7.2

Handling

	Stabilizer: None Preservative: None
Preservative:	Without preservative
Storage:	RT,4 °C,-20 °C
Storage Comment:	Store vial at 4 °C prior to restoration. For extended storage aliquot contents and freeze at -24 °C or below. This product is stable for several weeks at 4 °C as an undiluted liquid.
Expiry Date:	12 months

Images



Western Blotting

Image 1. Western Blot of Rabbit anti-Swine antibody. Lane 1: Swine IgG. Lane 2: none. Load: 100 ng per lane. Primary antibody: Swine antibody at 1:1,000 for overnight at 4°C. Secondary antibody: swine secondary antibody at 1:20,000 for 30 min at RT Block: ABIN925618 for 30 min at RT. Predicted/Observed size: 55 and 28 kDa for Swine IgG. Other band(s): none.