Datasheet for ABIN964880

anti-NEU1 antibody (AA 100-125)

2 Images

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Overview

Quantity:	100 µg
Target:	NEU1
Binding Specificity:	AA 100-125
Reactivity:	Human
Host:	Rabbit
Clonality:	Polyclonal
Conjugate:	This NEU1 antibody is un-conjugated
Application:	Western Blotting (WB), Immunohistochemistry (IHC), ELISA, Immunoprecipitation (IP)

Product Details

Purpose:	Neuraminidase Antibody
Immunogen:	Immunogen: This affinity purified antibody was prepared from whole rabbit serum produced by repeated immunizations with a synthetic peptide corresponding to an internal portion near aa 100-125 of Human Neu2. Immunogen Type: Conjugated Peptide
Isotype:	IgG
Cross-Reactivity (Details):	This antibody reacts with human Neu2.
Characteristics:	Synonyms: rabbit anti-Neu2 antibody, rabbit anti-neuraminidase 2 antibody, Sialidase-2, Cytosolic sialidase, N-acetyl-alpha-neuraminidase-2, NEU-2, Neu 2
Purification:	This is an affinity purified antibody produced by immunoaffinity chromatography using the immunizing peptide after immobilization to a solid phase.

Product Details

Sterility:	Sterile filtered

Target Details

Target:	NEU1
Alternative Name:	Neuraminidase (NEU1 Products)
Background:	Background: Neuraminidases or sialidases are exoglycosidases that catalyze the cleavage of α-glycosidically linked terminal N-acetyl neuraminic acid from sialylated glycoconjugates. They are widely spread in nature, occurring in viruses, bacteria, fungi, protozoa, birds and mammals. Together, the neuraminidases form a family of hydrolases that share a conserved active site and similar sequence motifs. Three types of neuraminidase are found in mammals and are defined as lysosomal, plasma membrane and cytosolic on the basis of their biochemical properties and subcellular distribution. Lysosomal N-acetyl-α-neuraminidase (NEU1) has significant primary structure characteristics of other mammalian and microbial sialidases with similar substrate specificity. However, unlike other members of this family, lysosomal neuraminidase requires the carboxypeptidase protective protein/cathepsin A (PPCA) for intracellular transport and lysosomal activation. The enzyme is only catalytically active when it is bound to PPCA and is a component of a high molecular weight, multi-protein complex containing PPCA, ß-galactosidase and N-acetylgalactosamine-6-sulfate sulfatase. Using a hamster Sial3 probe, Monti et al. (1999) identified the gene encoding sialidase-2, which they designated NEU2, from a human genomic library. The 2 putative exons of NEU2 encode a deduced 380-amino acid protein with a calculated molecular mass of 42.23 kD. The NEU2 protein has significant homology with the mammalian, viral, and bacterial sialidases. It shares over 72 % similarity with the hamster and rat cytosolic sialidases and over 42 % similarity with human NEU1. NEU2 contains a potential N-linked glycosylation site, 2 aspartic acid block consensus sequences, and an N-terminal F/YRIP sequence motif which is part of the active site of other sialidase enzymes. Monti et al. hypothesized that NEU2 has a cytosolic localization because it does not contain a cleavage site, transmembrane domain, or targeting motifs.
Gene ID:	4759, 222352169
UniProt:	Q9Y3R4
Pathways:	SARS-CoV-2 Protein Interactome

Application Details

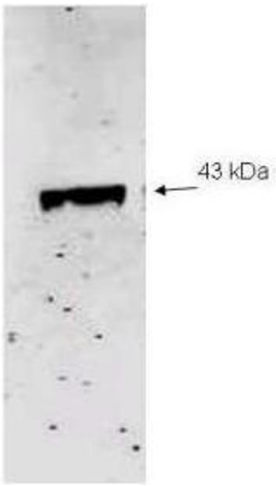
Application Notes:	Immunohistochemistry Dilution: User Optimized

Application Details

	Application Note: Anti-NEU2 Antibody is has been tested by western blot and ELISA and suitable for immunocytochemistry and immunoprecipitation, transfected cell culture, and primary cell culture. A single band of the expected apparent molecular weight (43 kDa) was observed at a 1:500 dilution incubated for 1 h at room temperature. A second lower molecular weight band may represent a truncated form of this protein. Neuraminidase is not very abundant in most tissues and its detection using this antibody may require further optimization. Researchers should determine optimal titers for other applications. Western Blot Dilution: 1:500- 1:2,000 Immunoprecipitation Dilution: User Optimized ELISA Dilution: 1:10,000 - 1:50,000 Other: User Optimized
Restrictions:	For Research Use only

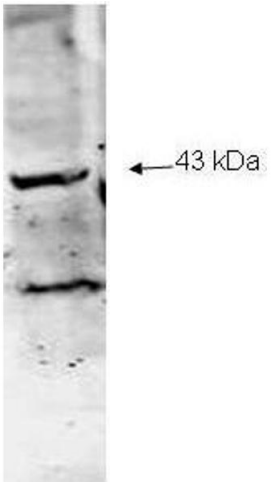
Handling

Format:	Liquid
Concentration:	0.9 mg/mL
Buffer:	Buffer: 0.02 M Potassium Phosphate, 0.15 M Sodium Chloride, pH 7.2 Stabilizer: None Preservative: 0.01 % (w/v) Sodium Azide
Preservative:	Sodium azide
Precaution of Use:	This product contains Sodium azide: a POISONOUS AND HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE which should be handled by trained staff only.
Storage:	4 °C,-20 °C
Storage Comment:	Store vial at -20° C prior to opening. Aliquot contents and freeze at -20° C or below for extended storage. Avoid cycles of freezing and thawing. Centrifuge product if not completely clear after standing at room temperature. This product is stable for several weeks at 4° C as an undiluted liquid. Dilute only prior to immediate use.
Expiry Date:	12 months



Western Blotting

Image 1. Western blot analysis using Immunochemical's Affinity Purified anti-Neu2 antibody to detect recombinant His tagged Neu-2 (1.0 ?g loaded). Molecular weight marker (not shown) indicates a single band of the expected MW (43 kDa). The blot was incubated with a 1:500 dilution of the antibody at room temperature for 1 h followed by detection using IRDye800 labeled Goat-a-Rabbit IgG [H&L] diluted 1:1,000. IRDye800 fluorescence image was captured using the Infrared Imaging System developed by LI-COR. IRDye is a trademark of LI-COR, Inc. Other detection systems will yield similar results.



Western Blotting

Image 2. Western blot analysis using Immunochemical's Affinity Purified anti-Neu2 antibody to detect Neu-2 present in a lysate expressing human Neu2 (1.0 ?l loaded). Molecular weight marker (not shown) indicates a band of the expected MW (43 kDa). The reactive lower molecular weight band is believed to represent a truncated form of this protein. The blot was incubated with a 1:500 dilution of the antibody at room temperature for 1 h followed by detection using800 labeled Goat-a-Rabbit IgG [H&L] diluted 1:1,000.800 fluorescence image was captured using the Infrared Imaging System developed by LI-COR. IRDye is a trademark of LI-COR, Inc. Other detection systems will yield similar results.