

Datasheet for ABIN966088
anti-ERCC2 antibody (C-Term)[Go to Product page](#)

1 Publication

Overview

Quantity:	0.1 mg
Target:	ERCC2
Binding Specificity:	C-Term
Reactivity:	Human, Mouse
Host:	Rabbit
Clonality:	Polyclonal
Conjugate:	This ERCC2 antibody is un-conjugated
Application:	Immunohistochemistry (IHC)

Product Details

Immunogen:	Polyclonal antibody produced in rabbits immunizing with a synthetic peptide corresponding to C-terminal residues of human ERCC2(TFIIF basal transcription factor complex helicase subunit)
Purification:	Purified by antigen-specific affinity chromatography.

Target Details

Target:	ERCC2
Alternative Name:	ERCC2 (ERCC2 Products)
Background:	ERCC2(TFIIF basal transcription factor complex helicase subunit) is an ATP-dependent 5'-3' DNA helicase, component of the core-TFIIF basal transcription factor. ERCC2 is involved in nucleotide excision repair (NER) of DNA by opening DNA around the damage, and in RNA

Target Details

transcription by RNA polymerase II by anchoring the CDK-activating kinase (CAK) complex, composed of CDK7, cyclin H and MAT1, to the core-TFIID complex. ERCC2 might also have a role in aging process and could play a causative role in the generation of skin cancers. One of the six subunits forming the core-TFIID basal transcription factor. The interaction with p44 results in the stimulation of the 5'→3' helicase activity. Defects in ERCC2 are the cause of xeroderma pigmentosum complementation group D (XP-D), xeroderma pigmentosum group D combined with Cockayne syndrome (XP-D/CS). Defects in ERCC2 are a cause of trichothiodystrophy (TTD) and COFS syndrome. ERCC2 belongs to the helicase family and RAD3/XPD subfamily.

Pathways: [DNA Damage Repair](#)

Application Details

Application Notes: ELISA, Western blotting: 1µg/ml for 2hrs.

Restrictions: For Research Use only

Handling

Format: Liquid

Buffer: This antibody is stored in PBS, 50% glycerol

Preservative: Sodium azide

Precaution of Use: This product contains sodium azide: a POISONOUS AND HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE which should be handled by trained staff only.

Storage: -20 °C

Publications

Product cited in: Williams, Werner-Fraczek, Chang, Bailey-Serres: "Regulated phosphorylation of 40S ribosomal protein S6 in root tips of maize." in: **Plant physiology**, Vol. 132, Issue 4, pp. 2086-97, (2003) ([PubMed](#)).

McBride, Nemer: "The C-terminal domain of c-fos is required for activation of an AP-1 site specific for jun-fos heterodimers." in: **Molecular and cellular biology**, Vol. 18, Issue 9, pp. 5073-81, (1998) ([PubMed](#)).