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anti-BDKRB2 antibody (AA 350-364)

Images



Publications



Overview

Quantity:	150 μg
Target:	BDKRB2
Binding Specificity:	AA 350-364
Reactivity:	Human, Rat
Host:	Mouse
Clonality:	Monoclonal
Application:	Western Blotting (WB), Immunohistochemistry (IHC), Immunofluorescence (IF), Immunoprecipitation (IP)

Product Details

Immunogen:	Human B2 Bradykinin Receptor aa. 350-364
Clone:	20-B2 Bradykinin Receptor
Isotype:	IgG2b kappa
Cross-Reactivity:	Rat (Rattus)
Characteristics:	1. Since applications vary, each investigator should titrate the reagent to obtain optimal results.
	2. Please refer to us for technical protocols.
	3. Caution: Sodium azide yields highly toxic hydrazoic acid under acidic conditions. Dilute azide
	compounds in running water before discarding to avoid accumulation of potentially explosive
	deposits in plumbing.
	4. Source of all serum proteins is from USDA inspected abattoirs located in the United States.
	5. For fluorochrome spectra and suitable instrument settings, please refer to us.

Product Details

Purification:

The monoclonal antibody was purified from tissue culture supernatant or ascites by affinity chromatography.

Target Details

Target:	BDKRB2
Alternative Name:	B2 Bradykinin Receptor (BDKRB2 Products)
Background:	Bradykinin is a nine amino acid vasoactive peptide that elicits numerous physiologic responses
	such as vasodilation, smooth muscle spasm, and pain. Bradykinin is one of a family of such
	peptides called the kinins. The kinins are generated from high molecular weight precursors
	called kininogens from proteolysis induced by pathophysiologic conditions such as
	inflammation or allergy. The physiological actions of these kinins are mediated by their
	interaction with transmembrane receptors. There are two distinct bradykinin receptor subtypes
	B1 and B2. Both are coupled to G-proteins. The B2 receptor subtype is found in healthy smooth
	muscle cells and neurons, whereas, the B1 receptors are only detected following tissue injury.
	The B2 receptor is similar in structure to other seven helix G-protein coupled receptors.
	Bradykinin has a relatively low affinity for B1 receptors, and interacts primarily with the B2
	receptor. This interaction stimulates several second messenger systems, including inositol
	phospholipid hydrolysis, arachidonic acid metabolism, tyrosine phosphorylation, and
	membrane depolarization and hyperpolarization.
Molecular Weight:	42 kDa
Pathways:	ACE Inhibitor Pathway, Negative Regulation of intrinsic apoptotic Signaling
Application Details	
Comment:	Related Products: ABIN967389
Restrictions:	For Research Use only
Handling	
Format:	Liquid
Concentration:	250 μg/mL
Buffer:	Aqueous buffered solution containing BSA, glycerol, and ≤0.09 % sodium azide.
Preservative:	Sodium azide

Handling

Precaution of Use:

This product contains Sodium azide: a POISONOUS AND HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE which should be handled by trained staff only.

Storage:

-20 °C

Storage Comment:

Store undiluted at -20 °C.

Publications

Product cited in:

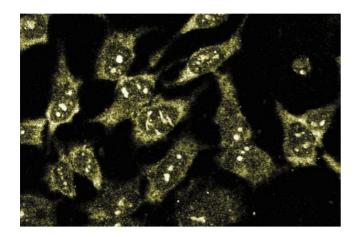
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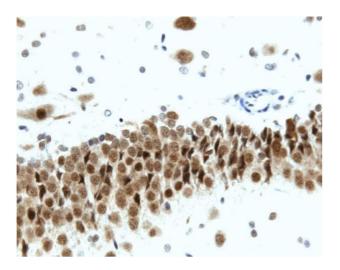
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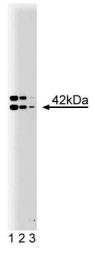
Immunofluorescence

Image 1. Immunofluorescence staining of HeLa cells (Human cervical epitheloid carcinoma, ATCC CCL-2.2).



Immunohistochemistry (Paraffin-embedded Sections)

Image 2. Immunohistochemistry: Rat hippocampus, formalin-fixed paraffin-embedded tissue, with citrate pretreatment (20X magnification).



Western Blotting

Image 3. Western blot analysis of B2 Bradykinin Receptor on a rat pituitary lysate. Lane 1: 1:1000, lane 2: 1:2000, lane 3: 1:4000 dilution of the mouse anti-B2 Bradykinin Receptor antibody.