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# anti-CD38 antibody (AA 171-292)

4 Images

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**Publications** 



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Quantity:	50 μg
Target:	CD38
Binding Specificity:	AA 171-292
Reactivity:	Human
Host:	Mouse
Clonality:	Monoclonal
Conjugate:	This CD38 antibody is un-conjugated
Application:	Western Blotting (WB), Immunofluorescence (IF)

#### **Product Details**

Immunogen:	Human CD38 aa. 171-292
Clone:	22-CD38
Isotype:	lgG1
Characteristics:	<ol> <li>Since applications vary, each investigator should titrate the reagent to obtain optimal results.</li> <li>Please refer to us for technical protocols.</li> </ol>
	<ul> <li>3. Caution: Sodium azide yields highly toxic hydrazoic acid under acidic conditions. Dilute azide compounds in running water before discarding to avoid accumulation of potentially explosive deposits in plumbing.</li> <li>4. Source of all serum proteins is from USDA inspected abattoirs located in the United States.</li> </ul>
Purification:	The monoclonal antibody was purified from tissue culture supernatant or ascites by affinity chromatography.

## **Target Details**

Target:	CD38	
Abstract:	CD38 Products	
Background:	Lymphocyte trafficking is essential for efficient immune responses in that it allows antigen	
	sensitive lymphocytes to encounter antigen and be recruited to sites of infection. Trafficking	
	involves the passage of lymphocytes across the HEV, a process that is mediated by selectins	
	CD38 is a single-chain type II transmembrane glycoprotein that is expressed by a variety of	
	immature and activated lymphocytes. It mediates a selectin-like binding to endothelial cells,	
	thus functioning as an adhesion molecule. Human and mouse forms of the protein are highly	
	similar and homologous to the Aplysia californica ADP-ribosyl-cyclase. CD38 catalyzes the	
	synthesis of cyclic ADP-ribose (cADPR), a putative endogenous regulator of calcium release.	
	This is thought to be key to CD38-mediated signal transduction. A possible ligand for CD38 is	
	the Ig superfamily protein CD31. In addition, activation of CD38 with a monoclonal antibody	
	induces leukemic cell proliferation. Thus, CD38 is a cell surface protein that is important for	
	lymphocyte migration and may be involved in the propagation of leukemic cells in AML (acute	
	myelogenous leukemia).	
Molecular Weight:	46 kDa	
Application Details		
Comment:	Related Products: ABIN967389, ABIN968584	
Restrictions:	For Research Use only	
Handling		
Format:	Liquid	
Concentration:	250 μg/mL	
Buffer:	Aqueous buffered solution containing BSA, glycerol, and ≤0.09 % sodium azide.	
Preservative:	Sodium azide	
Precaution of Use:	This product contains Sodium azide: a POISONOUS AND HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE which	
	should be handled by trained staff only.	
Storage:	-20 °C	
Storage Comment:	Store undiluted at -20°C.	

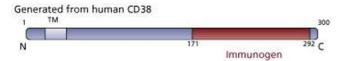
Product cited in:

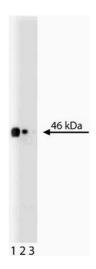
Deaglio, Morra, Mallone, Ausiello, Prager, Garbarino, Dianzani, Stockinger, Malavasi: "Human CD38 (ADP-ribosyl cyclase) is a counter-receptor of CD31, an Ig superfamily member." in: **Journal of immunology (Baltimore, Md. : 1950)**, Vol. 160, Issue 1, pp. 395-402, (1998) (PubMed).

Konopleva, Estrov, Zhao, Andreeff, Mehta: "Ligation of cell surface CD38 protein with agonistic monoclonal antibody induces a cell growth signal in myeloid leukemia cells." in: **Journal of immunology (Baltimore, Md.: 1950)**, Vol. 161, Issue 9, pp. 4702-8, (1998) (PubMed).

#### **Images**

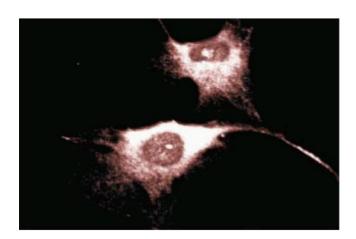
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#### **Western Blotting**

**Image 2.** Western blot analysis of CD38 on EB1 lysate. Lane 1: 1:250, lane 2: 1:500, lane 3: 1:1000 dilution of CD38.



#### Immunofluorescence

**Image 3.** Immunofluorescence staining of Human Endothelial cells.

Please check the product details page for more images. Overall 4 images are available for ABIN968373.