

Datasheet for ABIN968460

## anti-STXBP5 antibody (AA 910-1105)



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### Overview

Quantity:	50 µg
Target:	STXBP5
Binding Specificity:	AA 910-1105
Reactivity:	Human, Rat, Mouse
Host:	Mouse
Clonality:	Monoclonal
Conjugate:	This STXBP5 antibody is un-conjugated
Application:	Western Blotting (WB), Immunofluorescence (IF), BioImaging (BI)

### Product Details

Immunogen:	Rat Tomosyn aa. 910-1105
Clone:	15-Tomosyn
Isotype:	IgG1
Cross-Reactivity:	Mouse (Murine), Human
Characteristics:	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Since applications vary, each investigator should titrate the reagent to obtain optimal results.</li> <li>2. Please refer to us for technical protocols.</li> <li>3. Caution: Sodium azide yields highly toxic hydrazoic acid under acidic conditions. Dilute azide compounds in running water before discarding to avoid accumulation of potentially explosive deposits in plumbing.</li> <li>4. Source of all serum proteins is from USDA inspected abattoirs located in the United States.</li> </ol>
Purification:	The monoclonal antibody was purified from tissue culture supernatant or ascites by affinity

## Product Details

chromatography.

## Target Details

Target:	STXBP5
Alternative Name:	Tomosyn ( <a href="#">STXBP5 Products</a> )
Background:	Neuronal signal transmission and neurotransmitter release from the presynaptic nerve terminal is mediated by the synaptic vesicle cycle. Syntaxin plays a central role during vesicle docking and fusion through interactions with many vesicle components. During docking, vSNAREs (VAMP/synaptobrevin, synaptotagmin) on the synaptic vesicle and tSNAREs (SNAP-25, syntaxin) on the plasma membrane interact to form a 7S complex, which is essential to docking and fusion. Syntaxin associates with munc18/n-sec1 prior to and/or during the formation of the 7S complex. This interaction may inhibit syntaxin binding proteins (VAMP, SNAP-25) that facilitate vesicle docking or fusion. Tomosyn, a syntaxin binding protein, displaces munc18 from syntaxin-1 and forms a novel 10S complex with syntaxin-1, SNAP-25, and synaptogamin. There are two splice variants of tomosyn designated b-tomosyn and s-tomosyn, while the original is referred to as m-tomosyn. Although b-tomosyn is ubiquitously expressed, s-tomosyn and m-tomosyn are expressed primarily in brain. This antibody is routinely tested by western blot analysis.
Molecular Weight:	130 kDa

## Application Details

Comment:	Related Products: ABIN968545, ABIN967389
Restrictions:	For Research Use only

## Handling

Format:	Liquid
Concentration:	250 µg/mL
Buffer:	Aqueous buffered solution containing BSA, glycerol, and ≤0.09 % sodium azide.
Preservative:	Sodium azide
Precaution of Use:	This product contains Sodium azide: a POISONOUS AND HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE which should be handled by trained staff only.

Handling

Storage:	-20 °C
Storage Comment:	Store undiluted at -20°C.

Publications

Product cited in:

Yokoyama, Shirataki, Sakisaka, Takai: "Three splicing variants of tomosyn and identification of their syntaxin-binding region." in: **Biochemical and biophysical research communications**, Vol. 256, Issue 1, pp. 218-22, (1999) ([PubMed](#)).

Fujita, Shirataki, Sakisaka, Asakura, Ohya, Kotani, Yokoyama, Nishioka, Matsuura, Mizoguchi, Scheller, Takai: "Tomosyn: a syntaxin-1-binding protein that forms a novel complex in the neurotransmitter release process." in: **Neuron**, Vol. 20, Issue 5, pp. 905-15, (1998) ([PubMed](#)).

Images



**Western Blotting**

**Image 1.** Western blot analysis of tomosyn on a rat cerebrum lysate. Lane 1: 1:250, Lane 2: 1:500, Lane 3: 1:1000 dilution of the anti-tomosyn antibody.

**Image 2.**

