

Datasheet for ABIN969217 **anti-Inhibin alpha antibody**

anti-minibin aipna antibody

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Quantity:	100 μL
Target:	Inhibin alpha (INHA)
Reactivity:	Human
Host:	Mouse
Clonality:	Monoclonal
Conjugate:	This Inhibin alpha antibody is un-conjugated
Application:	Western Blotting (WB), ELISA, Immunocytochemistry (ICC)

Product Details

Purpose:	INHA Antibody
Immunogen:	Purified recombinant fragment of human INHA expressed in E. Coli.
Clone:	4E2
Isotype:	lgG1
Purification:	Ascitic fluid

Target Details

Target:	Inhibin alpha (INHA)
Alternative Name:	INHA (INHA Products)
Background:	Description: Inhibins are peptide hormones produced by the granulosa cells in female follicles and by Sertoli cells in the male seminiferous tubules. They are selectively expressed by cells of

sex cord stromal derivation, and inhibit the secretion of follitropin by the pituitary gland. Inhibins are also involved in regulating diverse functions such as hypothalamic and pituitary hormone secretion, genadal hormone secretion, germ cell development and maturation, erythroid differentiation, insulin secretion, nerve cell survival, embryonic axial development or bone growth, depending on their subunit composition. Inhibins appear to oppose the functions of activins, as inhibins and activins inhibit and activate, respectively, the secretion of follitropin by the pituitary gland. Inhibin has 2 subunits (alpha and beta) that are coded by separate genes. The alpha subunit determines whether inhibin or activin will be produced. The alpha subunit remains constant, such that the various types of inhibin are defined by the beta subunit (a,b,c,d). Inhibin A is a dimer of alpha and beta A. Inhibin B is a dimer of alpha and beta B. Proteolytic processing yields a number of inhibin alpha bioactive forms: the 20/23 kDa forms consist solely of the mature alpha chain, the 26/29 kDa forms consist of the most N terminal propeptide linked through a disulfide bond to the mature alpha chain, and the 50/53 kDa forms encompass the entire proprotein. Each type can be furthermore either mono or diglycosylated, causing the mass difference.

Aliases: INHA

Molecular Weight:	40kDa
Gene ID:	3623
HGNC:	3623
UniProt:	P05111

Pathways:

Peptide Hormone Metabolism, Hormone Activity, Negative Regulation of Hormone Secretion

Application Details

Application Notes: ELISA: 1/10000
ICC: 1/200 - 1/1000

Restrictions: For Research Use only

Handling

Format:	Liquid
Buffer:	Ascitic fluid containing 0.03 % sodium azide.
Preservative:	Sodium azide
Precaution of Use:	This product contains Sodium azide: a POISONOUS AND HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE which

Handling

	should be handled by trained staff only.
Storage:	4 °C,-20 °C
Storage Comment:	Store at 4°C short term. Aliquot and store at -20°C long term. Avoid freeze/thaw cycles.
Publications	

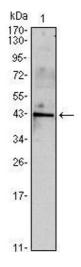
Product cited in:

Makovitzky, Radtke, Shabani, Friese, Gerber, Mylonas: "Invasive hydatidiform mole: immunohistochemical labelling of inhibin/activin subunits, Ki67, p53 and glycodelin A in a rare case." in: **Acta histochemica**, Vol. 111, Issue 4, pp. 360-5, (2009) (PubMed).

Corre, Schuettler, Bione, Marozzi, Persani, Rossetti, Torricelli, Giotti, Vogt, Toniolo: "A large-scale association study to assess the impact of known variants of the human INHA gene on premature ovarian failure." in: **Human reproduction (Oxford, England)**, Vol. 24, Issue 8, pp. 2023-8, (2009) (PubMed).

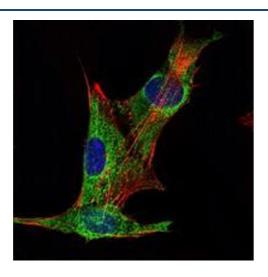
Palmieri, Wilson, Iversen, Clyde, Calingaert, Moorman, Poole, Anderson, Anderson, Anton-Culver, Beesley, Hogdall, Brewster, Carney, Chen, Chenevix-Trench, Chang-Claude, Cunningham, Dicioccio, Doherty et al.: "Polymorphism in the IL18 gene and epithelial ovarian cancer in non-Hispanic white women. ..." in: Cancer epidemiology, biomarkers & prevention: a publication of the American Association for Cancer Research, cosponsored by the American Society of Preventive Oncology, Vol. 17, Issue 12, pp. 3567-72, (2008) (PubMed).

Images



Western Blotting

Image 1. Western blot analysis using INHA mouse mAb against mouse spermary (1) tissues lysate.



Immunofluorescence

Image 2. Immunofluorescence analysis of PANC-1 cells using INHA mouse mAb (green). Blue: DRAQ5 fluorescent DNA dye. Red: Actin filaments have been labeled with Alexa Fluor-555 phalloidin.