

Datasheet for ABIN969285

**anti-MLH1 antibody (AA 381-483)****3** Images**3** Publications[Go to Product page](#)

## Overview

Quantity:	100 µL
Target:	MLH1
Binding Specificity:	AA 381-483
Reactivity:	Human, Monkey
Host:	Mouse
Clonality:	Monoclonal
Conjugate:	This MLH1 antibody is un-conjugated
Application:	Western Blotting (WB), ELISA, Immunohistochemistry (IHC), Immunocytochemistry (ICC)

## Product Details

Purpose:	MLH1 Antibody
Immunogen:	Purified recombinant fragment of MLH1 (aa381-483) expressed in E. Coli.
Clone:	4C9C7
Isotype:	IgG1
Purification:	Ascitic fluid

## Target Details

Target:	MLH1
Alternative Name:	MLH1 ( <a href="#">MLH1 Products</a> )
Background:	Description: DNA-mismatch repair (MMR), a conserved process that involves correcting errors

## Target Details

made during DNA synthesis, is crucial to the maintenance of genomic integrity. Lack of a functional DNA-mismatch repair pathway is a common characteristic of several different types of human cancers, either due to an MMR gene mutation or promoter-methylation gene silencing. MLH1 is a human homolog of the E. coli DNA mismatch repair gene mutL, consistent with the characteristic alterations in microsatellite sequences (RER+ phenotype) found in hereditary nonpolyposis colon cancer (HNPCC). MLH1 is an integral part of the protein complex responsible for mismatch repair expressed in lymphocytes, heart, colon, breast, lung, spleen, testis, prostate, thyroid and gall bladder, and is methylated in several ovarian tumors. Loss of MLH1 protein expression is associated with a mutated phenotype, microsatellite instability and a predisposition to cancer. In hereditary nonpolyposis colorectal cancer (HNPCC), an autosomal dominant inherited cancer syndrome that signifies a high risk of colorectal and various other types of cancer, the MLH1 gene exhibits a pathogenic mutation. Inactivation of the MLH1 gene causes genome instability and predisposition to cancer. MLH1 also plays a role in meiotic recombination.

Aliases: FCC2, COCA2, HNPCC

Molecular Weight:	85kDa
Gene ID:	4292
HGNC:	4292
UniProt:	<a href="#">P40692</a>
Pathways:	<a href="#">DNA Damage Repair</a> , <a href="#">Production of Molecular Mediator of Immune Response</a>

## Application Details

Application Notes:	ELISA: 1/10000 ICC: 1/200 - 1/1000
Restrictions:	For Research Use only

## Handling

Format:	Liquid
Buffer:	Ascitic fluid containing 0.03 % sodium azide.
Preservative:	Sodium azide
Precaution of Use:	This product contains Sodium azide: a POISONOUS AND HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE which should be handled by trained staff only.

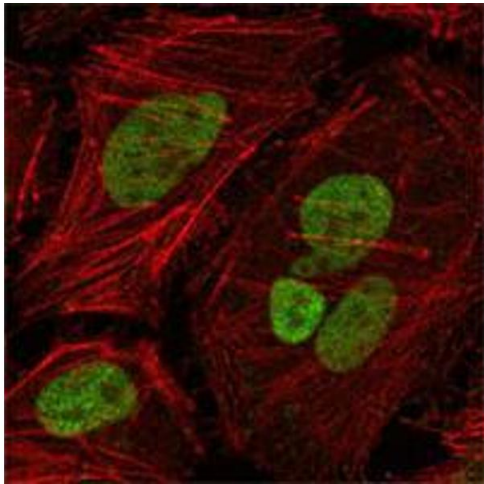
Handling

Storage:	4 °C,-20 °C
Storage Comment:	Store at 4°C short term. Aliquot and store at -20°C long term. Avoid freeze/thaw cycles.

Publications

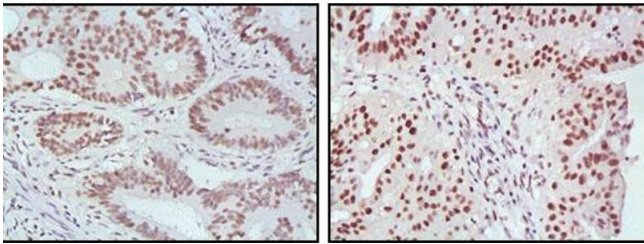
Product cited in:	<p>Geary, Sasieni, Houlston, Izatt, Eeles, Payne, Fisher, Hodgson: "Gene-related cancer spectrum in families with hereditary non-polyposis colorectal cancer (HNPCC)." in: <b>Familial cancer</b>, Vol. 7, Issue 2, pp. 163-72, (2008) (<a href="#">PubMed</a>).</p> <p>Latta, Mohan, Issekutz: "CXCR6 is expressed on T cells in both T helper type 1 (Th1) inflammation and allergen-induced Th2 lung inflammation but is only a weak mediator of chemotaxis." in: <b>Immunology</b>, Vol. 121, Issue 4, pp. 555-64, (2007) (<a href="#">PubMed</a>).</p> <p>Zeng, Kinsella: "A novel role for DNA mismatch repair and the autophagic processing of chemotherapy drugs in human tumor cells." in: <b>Autophagy</b>, Vol. 3, Issue 4, pp. 368-70, (2007) (<a href="#">PubMed</a>).</p>
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Images



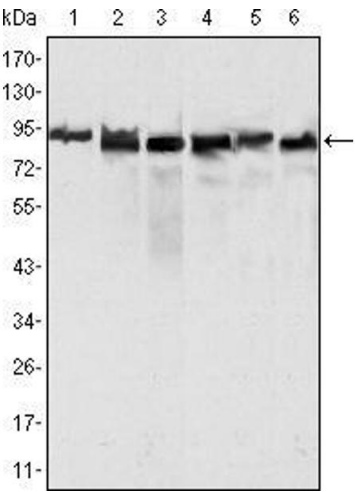
**Immunofluorescence**

**Image 1.** Confocal immunofluorescence analysis of HeLa cells using MLH1 mouse mAb (green), showing nuclear localization. Red: Actin filaments have been labeled with Alexa Fluor-555 phalloidin.



Immunohistochemistry

**Image 2.** Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded human rectum cancer (left) and ovarian cancer (right) tissues, showing nuclear localization with DAB staining using MLH1 mouse mAb.



Western Blotting

**Image 3.** Western blot analysis using MLH1 mouse mAb against Hela (1), MCF-7 (2) and A549 (3), Jurkat (4), 2R75 (5) and COS (6) cell lysate.