antibodies - online.com







anti-TUBB3 antibody

Publication **Images**



| \sim | | |
|----------------------|-------|------------|
| Ove | r\/I | ΔM |
| \cup \vee \cup | 1 V I | CVV |

| Quantity: | 100 μL |
|--------------|--|
| Target: | TUBB3 |
| Reactivity: | Human |
| Host: | Mouse |
| Clonality: | Monoclonal |
| Application: | Western Blotting (WB), ELISA, Flow Cytometry (FACS), Immunocytochemistry (ICC) |

Product Details

| Immunogen: | Purified recombinant fragment of human TUBB3 expressed in E. coli. |
|---------------|--|
| Clone: | 2-00E-09 |
| Isotype: | lgG1 |
| Purification: | purified |

Target Details

| Target: | TUBB3 |
|-------------------|---|
| Alternative Name: | TUBB3 (TUBB3 Products) |
| Background: | Description: Tubulin, beta 3, also known as TUBB3. Tubulin is the major constituent of |
| | microtubules. It binds two moles of GTP, one at an exchangeable site on the beta chain and |
| | one at a non exchangeable site on the alpha-chain. Tubulin is a highly conserved protein with a |
| | molecular weight of $\sim \! 50$ kD. Microtubules play key roles in chromosome segregation in |
| | mitosis, intracellular transport, ciliary and flagellar bending, and structural support of the |

cytoskeleton. The two main tubulin isoforms, α - and β -tubulin, are usually products of separate genes. The β -tubulin family includes six expressed genes that produce the polypeptide isoforms known as Classes I through VI, each of which have a distinct pattern of expression. Class III β -tubulin is found in neurons and mammalian testis cells and is widely used as a neuronal marker in developmental neurobiology, neoplasia, and stem cell research. Class III β -tubulin expression in neuronal and neuroblastic tumors is differentiation dependent, and its expression in certain non-neuronal neoplasms has been associated with poor prognosis and/or resistance to chemotherapy.

Aliases: tubulin, beta 3, MC1R, TUBB4

| Molecular Weight: | 50 kDa |
|-------------------|--------|
| Gene ID: | 10381 |
| HGNC: | 10381 |

Pathways: Microtubule Dynamics, M Phase

Application Details

| Application Notes: | ELISA: 1:10000, WB: 1:500 - 1:2000, ICC: 1:200 - 1:1000, FCM: 1:200 - 1:400 |
|--------------------|---|
| Restrictions: | For Research Use only |

Handling

| Format: | Liquid |
|--------------------|--|
| Buffer: | Ascitic fluid containing 0.03 % sodium azide. |
| Preservative: | Sodium azide |
| Precaution of Use: | This product contains Sodium azide: a POISONOUS AND HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE which should be handled by trained staff only. |
| Storage: | 4 °C/-20 °C |
| Storage Comment: | 4°C, -20°C for long term storage |

Publications

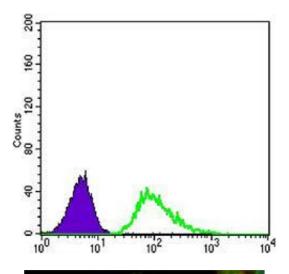
Product cited in:

Jan, Adolfsson, Allaman, Buccarello, Magistretti, Pfeifer, Muhs, Lashuel: "Abeta42 neurotoxicity is mediated by ongoing nucleated polymerization process rather than by discrete Abeta42 species." in: **The Journal of biological chemistry**, Vol. 286, Issue 10, pp. 8585-96, (2011) (

PubMed).

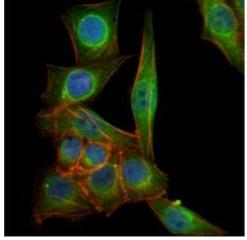
Deshmukh, Salehzadeh, Metayer-Coustard, Fahlman, Nair, Al-Khalili: "Post-transcriptional gene silencing of ribosomal protein S6 kinase 1 restores insulin action in leucine-treated skeletal muscle." in: **Cellular and molecular life sciences : CMLS**, Vol. 66, Issue 8, pp. 1457-66, (2009) (PubMed).

Images



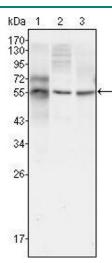
Flow Cytometry

Image 1. Flow cytometric analysis of A549 cells using TUBB3 mouse mAb (green) and negative control (purple).



Immunofluorescence

Image 2. Immunofluorescence analysis of PANC-1 cells using TUBB3 mouse mAb (green). Blue: DRAQ5 fluorescent DNA dye. Red: Actin filaments have been labeled with Alexa Fluor-555 phalloidin.



Western Blotting

Image 3. Western blot analysis using TUBB3 mouse mAb against HepG2 (1), A549 (2) and Hela (3) cell lysate.